

The Gazette of India

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NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 22nd February 1960 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
18	G.S.R. 201, dated 20th February, 1960.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture.	Empowering the Collector, Kozhikode and Dy. Commissioner, South Canara to issue permits for export of sugar from Kozhikode and Mangalore to the Laccadive etc. Islands.
18-A	G.S.R. 201-A, dated 20th February, 1960.	Ministry of Finance.	Further amendments in the Central Excise Rules, 1944.
	G.S.R. 201-B, dated 20th February, 1960.	Do.	Direction that the types of equipments and rates therefor shall be as stated therein and that certain provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944 shall extend to manufacturers of Vegetable Non-essential Oils employing not more than certain No. of ghanics, etc.
19	G.S.R. 202, dated 22nd February, 1960.	Ministry of Home Affairs.	The President revoking the Proclamation in relation to Kerala State.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

New Delhi, the 1st March 1960

G.S.R. 201.—Under Rule 16 of Order IV Supreme Court Rules, 1950 (as amended upto 15th April, 1959) and Regulation (2) of the Regulations made

thereunder governing the Examination for Advocates on Record it is notified that an Examination for Advocates on Record will be held in the Supreme Court Buildings, New Delhi on Monday the 9th and Tuesday the 10th May, 1960.

Advocates enrolled in the Supreme Court desiring to appear for the aforesaid Examination may obtain the prescribed form of application from the Registrar. The applications should reach the Registrar not later than 4 p.m. on Friday the 8th April, 1960.

[No. F. 10/A/60-SCMJ(I).]

By order of the Court

ARINDAM DUTT, Registrar.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 23rd February 1960

G.S.R. 262.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules relating to recruitment to the posts of Stenographers for the Advisory Committees for the Union Territories' Cell (Ministry of Home Affairs), namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Stenographers for Advisory Committees for Union Territories (Recruitment) Rules, 1960.

2. **Application.**—These rules shall apply to the posts of Stenographers for the Advisory Committees for the Union Territories' Cell (Ministry of Home Affairs).

3. **Classification, scale of pay, etc.**—The classification of the said posts, the scale of pay attached thereto, age limit, qualifications and other matters relating to the said posts shall be as specified in Columns (3) to (9) of the Schedule annexed to these rules:

Provided that the upper age limit prescribed for direct recruitment may be relaxed in the case of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other special categories, in accordance with the general orders issued from time to time by the Government of India.

4. **Disqualification.**—No male candidate, who has more than one wife living and no female candidate, who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to the said posts:

Provided that the Government of India may, if it is satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any such candidate from the operation of this rule.

THE SCHEDULE

Recruitment Rules for the post of Stenographers for Advisory Committees for Union Territories in Ministry of Home Affairs

Name of post	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Age limit for direct recruits	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits	Period of probation if any	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or transfer & percentage to be filled by various methods	Circumstances in which Union Public Service Commission is to be consulted in making recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Stenographer (English)	Two	General Central Service, Class II (Gazetted)	Rs. 275—25—500	30 Years (Relaxable in case of Govt. servants).	<p><i>Essential :</i></p> <p>1. Matriculation with a speed of 140 words per minute in shorthand (English) and 40 words per minute in typing (English).</p> <p>2. 8 years' experience as an English Stenographer or 3 years as a Reporter.</p> <p>(QUALIFICATIONS RELAXABLE AT COMMISSION'S DISCRETION IN CASE OF CANDIDATES OTHERWISE WELL-QUALIFIED).</p> <p><i>Desirable :</i></p> <p>Working knowledge of Hindi shorthand and typing.</p>	2 Years.	By direct recruitment.	As required under the rules.
Stenographer (Hindk)	Two	Do.	Do.	Do.	<p><i>Essential :</i></p> <p>1. Matriculation with a speed of 120 words per minute in Hindi shorthand and 40 words per minute in Hindi typing.</p>	Do.	Do.	Do.

1

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2. 3 years experience as a Hindi reporter
or 8 years experience as Hindi Steno-
grapher.

(QUALIFICATIONS RELAXABLE
AT COMMISSION'S DISCRETION
IN CASE OF CANDIDATES OTHER-
WISE WELL-QUALIFIED)

Desirable:

Working knowledge of English shorthand
and typing.

[No. F. 5/6/59-Ad.I(A).]

T. C. A. SRINIVASAVARADAN, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 24th February 1960

G.S.R. 283.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules relating to recruitment to the posts of Research Assistant (Biological), Survey Assistant, Fieldman, Engine Driver-cum-Master Fisherman, Laboratory Attendant and Peon in the Fisheries Department, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, namely:—

1. Short title.—These rules may be called the Andaman and Nicobar Islands [Recruitment to the posts of Research Assistant (Biological), Survey Assistant, Fieldman, Engine Driver-cum-Master Fisherman, Laboratory Attendant and Peon] Rules, 1960.

2. Application.—These rules shall apply to the posts of Research Assistant (Biological), Survey Assistant, Fieldman, Engine Driver-cum-Master Fisherman, Laboratory Attendant and Peon in the Fisheries Department, Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

3. Classification scale of pay, method of recruitment, age limit, etc.—The classification of the said posts, the scales of pay attached thereto, the method of recruitment, age-limit, qualifications and other matters relating to the said posts shall be as specified in columns (2) to (7) of the Schedule annexed to these rules:

Provided that the upper age-limit prescribed for direct recruitment may be relaxed in the case of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other special categories, in accordance with the general orders issued from time to time by the Government of India.

4. Disqualification.—No male candidate who has more than one wife living and no female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living, shall be eligible for appointment to the said posts:

Provided that the Government of India may, if it is satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any such candidate from the operation of this rule.

THE SCHEDULE

Name of Post	Classification	Scale of pay	Method of recruitment	Age limit	Educational and other Qualifications	Period of probation
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.						
1. Research Assistant (Biological).	Class III Non-Gazetted.	160-10-330	100% Direct Recruitment.	18 to 25 years.	M. Sc. or equivalent degree in Zoology with training in research methods or B.Sc. in Zoology and two years research experience. Ability to read and write Hindi.	One year on duty commencing from the date of appointment, liable for extension where the appointing authority opines that the work and conduct of a probationer during the period of probation has been unsatisfactory.
2. Survey Assistant.	Class III Non-Gazetted.	160-10-330	100% Direct Recruitment.	18 to 25 years.	B.Sc. in Zoology. Degree qualifications may be waived in the case of candidates with at least two years previous experience of fisheries survey work. Fisheries training additional qualifications. Ability to read and write Hindi.	Do.
3. Fieldman	Class III Non-Gazetted.	60-3-81-EB-4-125-5-130	100 % Direct Recruitment.	18 to 25 years.	A pass in the 8th standard (Middle School) examination with sufficient knowledge of fishing techniques or Matriculates with Science subjects. Ability to read and write Hindi.	One year on duty commencing from the date of appointment, liable for extension where the appointing authority opines that the work and conduct of a probationer during the period of probation has been unsatisfactory.
4. Engine Driver-cum-Master Fisherman.	Class III Non-Gazetted.	75-3-105	Direct Recruitment or transfer of a suit-	18 to 25 years.	Serang's certificate with some knowledge of fishing. Ability to read and write Hindi.	Do.

able person
from Marine
and Forest
Departments
of Andaman
and Nicobar
Islands.

5. Laboratory Attendant.	Class IV Non- Gazetted.	40-1-50-2-60	Direct recruit- ment or pro- motion of the peon employed in the Fisheries Department.	18 to 25 years.	A pass in the 8th Standard (Middle School) examination and experience in a Fisher- ies Laboratory and preferably possessing the ability to read and write Hindi. Relaxable in case the persons of the re- quisite qualications are not available subject to the con- currence of the Ministry of Home Affairs.	Do.
6. Peon	. Class IV Non- Gazetted.	30-1-35.	100 % direct recruitment.	18 to 25 years.	A pass in the 8th standard (Middle School) examina- tion. Ability to read and write Hindi. Ability to ride a bicycle. Relaxable in case the persons of the re- quisite qualifications are not available subject to con- currence of the Ministry of Home Affairs.	Do.

[No. 4/11/60-ANL]

A. D. SAMANT, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 25th February 1960

G.S.R. 264.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the All India Services Act, 1951 (81 of 1951), the Central Government, after consultation with the Governments of the States, hereby makes the following amendment to the All India Services (Death-cum-Retirement Benefits) Rules, 1958, namely:—

In the said rules for the existing proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 8 the following proviso shall be substituted; namely:—

"Provided that where temporary or officiating service does not count at all or counts to the extent of less than one-half of such service under the rules applicable to a member of the Service before his appointment to the Service, one half of the period of such service shall count as qualifying service, if followed by confirmation without break."

[No. 2/31/59-AIS(III).]

S. NARAYANSWAMY, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 29th February 1960

The Indian Administrative Service (Pay of Special Recruits) Regulations, 1960

G.S.R. 265.—In pursuance of rule 10-A of the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954, the Central Government, in consultation with the State Governments, hereby makes the following regulations, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These regulations may be called the Indian Administrative Service (Pay of Special Recruits) Regulations, 1960.

2. **Definitions.**—(1) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) 'Service' means the Indian Administrative Service;
- (b) 'Special Recruit' means an officer appointed to the Indian Administrative Service in accordance with regulation 3 of the Indian Administrative Service (Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1958.
- (c) 'State Service Officer' means an officer serving in connection with the affairs of a State who is not a member of the State Civil Service, as defined in rule 2(g) of the Indian Administrative Service (Recruitment) Rules, 1954, of that State;
- (d) 'deemed date of appointment in the year of allotment' means 1st April in the year of allotment in the case of officers with full years of allotment and 1st October in the case of officers with half years of allotment; the year of allotment being determined in accordance with the regulations framed under rule 5-A of the Indian Administrative Service (Regulation of Seniority) Rules, 1954.

(2) All other words and expressions used in these regulations and not defined shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954.

3. **Fixation of initial pay in the time-scales.**—(1) (a) The initial pay of a Special Recruit appointed to the Service under regulation 3(a) of the Indian Administrative Service (Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1958, shall be fixed in the junior time-scale of the Service at the stage he would have got on 1st April, 1958, if he had been appointed in that scale on the deemed date of appointment in the year of allotment.

(b) In addition to the basic pay fixed under clause (a) of this sub-regulation, an officer may also be granted such personal pay as the last pay drawn or the income earned by him may warrant. This personal pay will be absorbed in future increments or increases in pay of the officer concerned.

(c) The pay of such an officer shall, on appointment to a post on the senior time-scale, be fixed in the senior time-scale at the stage corresponding to his pay in the junior time-scale as shown in Schedule I to the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954.

(2) (a) The initial pay of a Special Recruit appointed to the Service in the senior time-scale under regulation 3(b) of the Indian Administrative Service

(Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1956, shall be fixed in the senior time-scale, in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-rules (3), (4) and (6) of rule 4 of the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954.

(b) The initial pay of a Special Recruit appointed to the Service in the junior time-scale under regulation 3(b) of the Indian Administrative Service (Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1956, shall be fixed in the junior time-scale, *mutatis mutandis*, in the manner indicated in clause (a) of this sub-regulation. For this purpose all references to the senior time-scale in the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954, shall be construed as references to the junior time-scale of the Service.

(c) The pay of an officer in the junior time-scale shall, on appointment to a post on the senior time-scale, be fixed in the senior time-scale as if he had been appointed to the senior time-scale direct at the time when he was appointed to the Service.

4. Regulation of increments.—(1) Subject to any order passed by the State Government concerned under regulation 5, the increment admissible to a Special Recruit appointed to the Service under regulation 3(a) of the Indian Administrative Service (Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1956, in the junior or senior time-scale shall—

(i) in the case of an officer who joined Service during July-August 1958, accrue in the junior time-scale on the anniversary of the deemed date of appointment in the year of allotment;

(ii) in the case of others who joined Service subsequent to July-August 1958, accrue in the junior time-scale on the anniversary of the actual date of appointment to the Service;

Provided that in the case of officers having fractional years of allotment, first increment shall accrue on the expiry of six months from the date of appointment and subsequent increments on the anniversary of the date of accrual of first increment;

(iii) subject to the provisions contained in clauses (i) and (ii) above, after the pay is fixed in the senior time-scale as in clause (c) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 3, accrue on the same dates when it would have fallen due in the junior time-scale:

Provided that the officer will not draw an increment in the senior time-scale on the date prescribed in this clause unless he completes six years in the Service calculated from the deemed date of appointment in the year of allotment.

(2) The increments admissible to a Special Recruit appointed under regulation 3(b) of the Indian Administrative Service (Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1956, shall—

(i) in the case of an officer appointed in the senior time-scale, accrue on the anniversary of the date of his appointment to a cadre post:

Provided that he shall draw an increment in the senior time-scale on the date prescribed in this clause only on completion of an aggregate period of at least six years of service in the State Civil Service or State Service and in the Indian Administrative Service;

(ii) in the case of an officer appointed in the junior time-scale, accrue on the anniversary of the date of his appointment to the Service;

(iii) in the case of an officer initially appointed in the junior time-scale and promoted to the senior time-scale, accrue only on completion of six years of service in the State Civil Service or State Service and in the Indian Administrative Service and thereafter on the anniversary of the date of his appointment to the Service; and

(iv) be regulated with reference to the stage at which initial pay in the junior or senior time-scale is fixed.

Explanation.—(a) For the purpose of determining the length of service in the case of State Service officers, only 'recognised' State Service, i.e., service in a gazetted post, after attaining the age of 25 years, should be taken into account.

- (b) For the purpose of clause (i) of this sub-regulation the expression 'cadre post' includes a non-cadre post declared by the State Government concerned as a post equivalent to a cadre post if held by such officer after he had been approved for appointment to the Service in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Administrative Service (Appointment by Promotion) Regulations, 1955:

Provided that during the period the officer concerned held the non-cadre post, he was remunerated in the senior time-scale and that he did not get any out of turn chance for officiating in such equivalent non-cadre post.

(3) Postponement of increments on account of any extraordinary leave taken shall not be affected by this regulation.

5. Withholding of increments.—(1) The State Government may withhold for such time as it may direct an increment due to any Special Recruit appointed under regulation 3(a) of the Indian Administrative Service (Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1956, who has failed to pass the departmental examination or examinations within such time as the State Government may, by general or special order, prescribe, but the withholding of such increment shall have no cumulative effect.

(2) Where an efficiency bar has been prescribed in the time scale of pay, the increment next above the bar shall not be given to such an officer without the specific sanction of the authority competent to withhold increments:

Provided that the application of the efficiency bar in the junior time-scale shall not affect the pay of a Special Recruit in the senior time-scale of pay, wherein his pay shall be regulated according to his length of service.

6. Saving.—The initial pay already fixed and increments already sanctioned to Special Recruits, under orders issued by the Central Government in that behalf from time to time, shall be deemed to have been fixed or sanctioned under these regulations.

[No. 1/277/58-AIS(II).]

The Indian Police Service (Pay of Special Recruits) Regulation, 1960

G.S.R. 266.—In pursuance of rule 10-A of the Indian Police Service (Pay) Rules, 1954, the Central Government, in consultation with the State Governments, hereby makes the following regulations, namely:—

1. Short title.—These regulations may be called the Indian Police Service (Pay of Special Recruits) Regulations, 1960.

2. Definitions.—(1) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) 'Service' means the Indian Police Service;

(b) 'Special Recruit' means an officer appointed to the Indian Police Service in accordance with regulation 3 of the Indian Police Service (Special Recruitment) Regulations, 1957.

(2) All other words and expressions used in these regulations and not defined shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Indian Police Service (Pay) Rules, 1954.

3. Fixation of initial pay in the time-scales.—(1) The initial pay of a Special Recruit appointed to the Service in the senior time-scale, shall be fixed in the senior time-scale, in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 4 of the Indian Police Service (Pay) Rules, 1954.

(2) The initial pay of a Special Recruit appointed to the Service in the junior time-scale, shall be fixed in the junior time-scale, *mutatis mutandis*, in the manner indicated in sub-regulation (1) of this regulation. For this purpose all references to the senior time-scale in the Indian Police Service (Pay) Rules, 1954, shall be construed as references to the junior time-scale of the Service.

(3) The pay of an officer in the junior time-scale shall, on appointment to a post on the senior time-scale, be fixed in the senior time-scale as if he had been appointed to the senior time-scale direct at the time when he was appointed to the Service.

4. Regulation of Increments.—(1) The increments admissible to a Special Recruit shall—

(i) in the case of an officer appointed in the senior time-scale, accrue on the anniversary of the date of his appointment to a cadre post:

Provided that he shall draw an increment in the senior time-scale on the date prescribed in this clause only on completion of an aggregate period of at least six years of service in the State Police Service and in the Indian Police Service;

(ii) in the case of an officer appointed in the junior time-scale, accrue on the anniversary of the date of his appointment to the Service;

(iii) in the case of an officer initially appointed in the junior time-scale and promoted to the senior time-scale, accrue only on completion of six years of service in the State Police Service and in the Indian Police Service, and thereafter on the anniversary of the date of his appointment to the Service; and

(iv) be regulated with reference to the stage at which initial pay in the junior or senior time-scale is fixed.

Explanation.—For the purpose of clause (i) of this sub-regulation the expression 'cadre post' includes a non-cadre post declared by the State Government concerned as a post equivalent to a cadre post if held by a Special Recruit after he had been approved for appointment to the Service in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Police Service (Appointment by Promotion) Regulations, 1955:

Provided that during the period the officer concerned held the non-cadre post, he was remunerated in the senior time-scale and that he did not get any out of turn chance for officiating in such equivalent non-cadre post.

(2) Postponement of increments on account of any extraordinary leave taken shall not be affected by this regulation.

5. Saving.—The initial pay already fixed and increments already sanctioned to Special Recruits, under orders issued by the Central Government in that behalf from time to time, shall be deemed to have been fixed or sanctioned under these regulations.

[No. 1/277/58-AIS(II)-A.]

L. M. NADKARNI, Jt. Secy.

ORDER

New Delhi, the 23rd February 1960

G.S.R. 267.—In pursuance of Clause (22) of Article 366 of the Constitution of India the President is hereby pleased to recognise Raja Sri Purna Chandra Deo Bhanj as the Ruler of Daspalla (Orissa) with effect from the 17th January 1960, in succession to the late Raja Bahadur Kishore Chandra Deo Bhanj.

[No. F.8/4/60-Poll-III.]

V. VISWANATHAN, Special Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE
(Department of Expenditure)

New Delhi, the 23rd February 1960

G.S.R. 268.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, and after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, the President hereby makes the following further amendment in the Fundamental Rules, namely:—

In sub-rule (b) of rule 123 of the said Rules for the words "General revenues", the words "Central Government" shall be substituted.

[No. F. 7(35)-Est. IV/58.]

D. D. BHATIA, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)**MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS***New Delhi, the 5th March 1960*

G.S.R. 269.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955) the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Rules, 1956, namely:—

In the proviso to rule 10 of the said Rules—

(i) for the letters and figure "A.R.1", the letters and figure "A.R.2", and

(ii) for the word "are", the word "were",

shall be substituted.

[No. 4. F. No. 45/12/57-Opium.]

G.S.R. 270.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Rules, 1955, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said Rules, entries "Energon" and "Vino-Malt" appearing under the heading "Non-Pharmacopoeial Preparations", sub-heading "Medicinal Preparations", shall be omitted.

[No. 5 F. No. 45/5(2)/58-Opium.]

[No. 5 F. No. 45/5(15)/59-Opium.]

CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE*New Delhi, the 5th March 1960*

G.S.R. 271.—The following draft of an amendment to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 7th April, 1960.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the First Schedule to the said rules, for the existing item 23 and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"23. Handicrafts and other articles made of alabaster	Rupces one hundred and twenty-six per ton."
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[No. 13.]

G.S.R. 272.—The following draft of an amendment to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 7th April, 1960.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said Rules,—

For the entries shown against serial No. 2 to the First Schedule, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

"2. Plastic goods other than spectacle frames, leather, cloth, polyvinyl chloride cables and plastic sequins, that is to say—

(1) Polystyrene moulding powder	Twenty-one naye paise per pound
(2) Polyvinyl chloride sheeting	Twenty-nine naye paise per pound
(3) Urea formaldehyde moulding powder.	Sixteen naye paise per pound
(4) Articles or component parts of any articles which are made wholly of any one, and not more than one, of the following materials:	
(i) Cellulose acetate moulding powder or cellulose acetate sheets.	Seventy-seven naye paise per pound
(ii) Cellulose acetate butyrate moulding powder.	Seventy-two naye paise per pound
(iii) Cellulose nitrate sheets, films, rods or tubes.	One rupee and thirteen naye paise per pound
(iv) Polymethyl methacrylate sheets, films, rods or tubes.	One rupee and eighty-six naye paise per pound
(v) Polystyrene moulding powder.	Twenty-one naye paise per pound
(vi) Polyvinyl chloride sheeting.	Twenty-nine naye paise per pound
(vii) Urea formaldehyde moulding powder.	Thirty-six naye paise per pound
(5) Articles made of polyethylene moulding powder.	Seventy-two naye paise per pound:

Provided that the exporter produced evidence to the satisfaction of the Customs Collector that the quantity of polyethylene moulding powder equal to the quantity of articles of polyethylene moulding powder being exported, has been imported by him within the period of six months immediately preceding the date of such exportation, and that this quantity of imported polyethylene moulding powder has not been—

- (i) Similarly correlated to, and accounted for against, any other previous exportation of articles of polyethylene moulding powder; or
- (ii) previously re-exported as such, or in any other form with or without claim for drawback."

[No. 14.]

G.S.R. 273.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 7th April, 1960.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said rules, in the First Schedule after item 31 and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"32. Silk fabrics containing One rupee and forty-three naye paise
noil yarn per pound of noil yarn content."

[No. 15.]

M. C. DAS, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY

COFFEE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 1st March 1960

G.S.R. 274.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 of the Coffee Act, 1942 (7 of 1942), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Coffee Rules, 1955, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.R.O. 1666 dated the 1st August, 1955, namely:—

In the said rules, in sub-rule (2) of rule 38-B for the words 'Executive Committee', the words 'Development Committee' shall be substituted.

[No. 2(2)Plant(B)/60.]

P. V. RAMASWAMY, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF STEEL, MINES & FUEL

(Department of Mines & Fuel)

New Delhi, the 25th February 1960

G.S.R. 275.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Coal Mines (Conservation and Safety) Act, 1952 (12 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Coal Mines (Conservation and Safety) Rules, 1954, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, namely:—

Amendments

In sub-rule (2) of rule 15 of the said Rules,—

(1) in clause (b),—

(a) in the proviso, the following shall be added at the end, namely:—

"the maximum salary of which is less than Rs. 2,000 per mensem";

(b) after the same proviso the following further proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided further that the Central Government shall make appointments to posts of officers, the maximum salary of which is Rs. 2,000 per mensem or above";

(2) in clause (c),—

(a) in the proviso, after the words "posts of officers" the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"the maximum salary of which is less than Rs. 2,000 per mensem";

(b) after the same proviso, the following further proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided further that appointments to posts of officers the maximum salary of which is Rs. 2,000 per mensem or above shall be made by the Central Government".

[No. C5-5(1)/60.]

CHHEDI LAL, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

New Delhi, the 5th March 1960

G.S.R. 276.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to the Signal Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of the Indian Railways, namely:—

RULES

PART I.—GENERAL

1. These Rules may be called the Signal Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways Recruitment Rules.

2. For the purpose of these Rules—

- (a) "Government" means the Government of India.
- (b) "Commission" means the Union Public Service Commission
- (c) "Service" means the Signal Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways. The various grades of posts included in the Service, their classification, pay scales and special conditions of Service shall be as included in Appendix I to these Rules.
- (d) The Expression 'Scheduled Castes' and 'Scheduled Tribes' have the meanings assigned to them in the Constitution.

3. Recruitment to the Service shall be by the following methods:—

- (a) By competitive examination held in accordance with Part II of these Rules.
- (b) By promotion of specially qualified Class II officers, including officiating Class II officers of the Signal Engineering Department.

Not more than 33 1/3 per cent. of the vacancies will be filled by departmental promotion; this percentage is liable to be varied from time to time if found necessary.

- (c) By occasional admission of other qualified persons appointed by the Government on the recommendation of the Commission.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 3, Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period, and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. Appointments to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be subject to orders issued from time to time by the Ministry of Home Affairs regarding special representation in the Services for specific sections of the people.

PART II.—RECRUITMENT BY COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION

6. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such times and places as may be prescribed in the Notice issued by the Commission. Every such Notice will when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

7. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service or Department, the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment in all or any of those Services or Departments for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service or Department, he shall state in his application form which Services, or Departments he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference for them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 17 (and Appendix II) will be sufficient.

- (b) Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

8. A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

9. A candidate must be either—

- (a) a citizen of India; or
- (b) a subject of Sikkim; or
- (c) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India; or
- (d) a subject of Nepal or of a Portuguese or a former French possession in India.

NOTE 1.—The appointment of candidates in categories (c) and (d) above will be subject to the issue of certificates of eligibility in their favour by the Government of India. The certificate of eligibility in respect of candidates belonging to category (c) will be valid only for a period of one year from the date of his appointment beyond which he would be retained in service only if he has become a citizen of India. Certificates of eligibility will not, however, be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any one of the following categories:—

1. Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan before the 19th July 1948, and have ordinarily been residing in India since then.
2. Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan after the 18th July 1948, and have got themselves registered as citizens under Article 6 of the Constitution.
3. Non-citizens of categories (c) and (d) above who entered service under the Government of India before the commencement of the Constitution, viz., 26th January 1950 and who have continued in such service since then. Any such person who re-entered or may re-enter such service with break after the 26th January 1950, will, however, require certificate of eligibility in the usual way.

NOTE 2.—A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also be provisionally appointed subject to the necessary certificate being eventually issued in his favour by Government.

10. (a) No male candidate who has more than one wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the Services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any male candidate from the operation of this rule.

(b) No female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any female candidate from the operation of this rule.

11. (1) On the date prescribed by the Commission in their Notice of the examination issued under Rule 6, a candidate must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 25 provided that the upper age limit of 25 will be relaxable upto 30 in the case of candidates who are permanently employed in Railway Service or who were continuously in the temporary Railway Service for at least 3 years or who were within the above specified age limits on the date of their employment in Railways Service, such relaxation being limited to three examinations only.

A temporary Assistant Engineer recruited through the Commission to the Signal Engineering Department by selection by interview will also be eligible for this concession irrespective of the length of his service in the Department.

(2) Departmental candidates must obtain previous permission of the Head of the Department to appear for the examination.

(3) The upper age limits prescribed above will be relaxable:—

- (i) Upto a maximum of five years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.
- (ii) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at four previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at seven previous examinations.

- (iii) Upto a maximum of eight years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe and is also a *bona fide* Displaced Person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at nine previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at twelve previous examinations.

- (iv) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a resident of the former French Settlements which have now become part of India and has been receiving his education through the medium of French.
- (v) Upto a maximum of 4 years if a candidate belongs to the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

NOTE.—Candidates who are admitted to the examination under the age concession mentioned in this rule will not be eligible for appointment if, after submitting the application, they resign from service either before or after taking the examination. They will, however, continue to be eligible if they are retrenched from the service or post after submitting the applications.

SAVE AS PROVIDED ABOVE THE AGE LIMITS PRESCRIBED CAN IN NO CASE BE RELAXED

12. A candidate must satisfy the Commission that his character is such as to make him suitable for appointment to the Service/Department.

13. A candidate must have—

- (a) obtained a degree in Engineering from a university incorporated by an Act of the Central or of a State Legislature in India; or
- (b) passed Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) or have any other educational qualifications recognised by that institution as exempting from passing these sections; or
- (c) obtained an engineering degree of one of the universities mentioned in Appendix III under the conditions prescribed in that Appendix; or
- (d) passed the Honours Diploma examination in Civil, Mechanical; or Electrical Engineering of the Loughborough College, Leicestershire, provided the candidate has passed the common preliminary examination or has been exempted therefrom; or
- (e) obtained the B.E. (Tele-communication) degree awarded by Indian Universities; or
- (f) passed the Graduate Membership Examination of the Institution of Tele-communication Engineers (India).

NOTE I.—In exceptional cases the Commission may treat as a qualified candidate, a candidate who, though he has not all or any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which in the opinion of the Commission justifies his admission to the examination.

NOTE II.—Candidates who have appeared at an examination the passing of which would render them eligible to appear at this examination, but have not been informed of the result, may apply for admission to the examination. Candidates who intend to appear at such a qualifying examination may also apply, provided that the qualifying examination is completed before the commencement of this examination. Their applications will be accepted provisionally and they will be required to furnish proof of having passed the examination as

soon as possible and in any case not later than two months after the commencement of the examination.

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

15. A candidate found guilty of impersonation, or of submitting fabricated documents or documents which have been tampered with or of making statements which are incorrect or false or suppressing material information or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means for obtaining admission to the examination may, in addition to rendering himself liable to a criminal prosecution be debarred either permanently or for a specified period—

(a) by the Commission from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by the Commission for selection of candidates; and

(b) by the Central Government from employment under the Government.

16. No recommendations except those required in the application form shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

17. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Appendix II). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

18. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix IV to these Rules.

19. (a) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate, and in that order so many candidates up to the number of unreserved vacancies announced under rule 6 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by Government or the appointing authority as the case may be, suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(b) Appointments to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community or communities shall be made by Government or the appointing authority as the case may be, in the order of merit of the candidates belonging to the particular community or communities, provided they have qualified in the examination and are in all respects suitable for employment in the service.

(c) Success in the examination confers no right to appointment, unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be considered necessary that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public service.

20. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the Service. A candidate who (after such physical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined.

In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government medical officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the physical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standard required can be had from the Commission.

21. (a) Appointments shall be made on probation for a period of three years.

(b) If, in the opinion of Government, the work or conduct of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory, or shows that he is unlikely to become efficient, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(c) On the conclusion of his period of probation, Government may confirm the officer in his appointment, or, if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may either discharge him from the service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

(d) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) or (c) of this rule the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(e) If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

22. Probationers will also be required to pass a test in Hindi before confirmation.

APPENDIX I

Particulars regarding the Signal Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways

1. Appointments to the service will be on probation for a period of three years during which the service of the officers will be liable to termination by three months' notice on either side. Probationary Officers will be required to undergo practical training for the first two years. Those who complete this training successfully and are otherwise considered suitable will be placed in charge of a working post, provided they have passed the prescribed departmental and other examinations. It must be noted that these examinations should, as a rule, be passed at the first chance and that save under exceptional circumstances, a second chance will not be allowed. Failure to pass any of the examinations may result in the termination of the service and will in any case involve stoppage of increments.

At the end of one year in a working post, the probationary officers will be required to pass a final examination, both practical and theoretical, and will, as a rule, be confirmed if they are considered fit for appointment in all respects. In cases where the probationary period is extended for any reason, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments on their passing the departmental examinations, and on being confirmed, will be subject to the rules and orders in force from time to time.

On appointment a probationer shall execute an agreement binding himself and one surety jointly and severally to refund in the event of his failing to complete the probation to the satisfaction of the Central Government any moneys paid to him consequent on his appointment as Probationer.

If for any reasons not beyond his control, a probationer wishes to withdraw from training or probation, he will be liable to refund the whole cost of his training and any other moneys paid to him during the period of his probation.

NOTE 1.—The period of training and the period of probation against a working post may be modified at the discretion of Government. If the period of training is extended in any case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the total period of probation will be correspondingly extended.

NOTE 2.—On railways where there are specialised Tele-Communications posts, an additional training for a period of six months in Tele-Communications may be arranged in any particular case; in such cases, the period of probation in a working post referred to above will be reduced by six months.

2. (a) Probationers will not be permitted to apply for appointment elsewhere or appear for examination or selection for recruitment to other services.

(b) In cases where Probationers have already appeared at the Combined Competitive Examinations prior to their allotment to the Railway Service and qualify for appointment to services other than Railway Services, the question of their release from Railway Service will be considered only when they are prepared to refund in cash the cost of the training and other moneys paid to them during the period of their probation before they are actually relieved.

3. Probationers should already have passed or should pass during the period of probation an Examination in Hindi in the Devanagari Script of an approved standard. This examination may be

- (i) Secondary School Leaving Certificate or an equivalent examination with Hindi as one of the subjects; and
- (ii) the Lower Standard examination conducted by the Ministry of Defence or one of the equivalent examinations recognised by the Central Government.

No probationary officer can be confirmed or his pay in the time scale raised to Rs. 380 per month unless he fulfils this requirement; and failure to do so will involve liability to termination of service. No exemption can be granted.

4. Officers of the Signal Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways recruited under these regulations—

- (a) will be eligible to pensionary benefits; and
- (b) shall subscribe to the State Railway (non-contributory) Provident Fund under the Rules of that Fund

as applicable to railway servants appointed on the date they join service.

5. Pay will commence from the date of joining service. Service for increments will also count from the same date. Particulars as to pay are contained in para. 9 of this Appendix.

6. Officers recruited under these regulations shall be eligible for leave in accordance with the rules for the time being in force applicable to officers of State Railways.

7. Officers will ordinarily be employed throughout their service on the Railway to which they may be posted on first appointment and will have no claim, as a matter of right, to transfer to some other Railway. But the Government of India reserve the right to transfer such officers, in the exigencies of service, to any other Railway or project in or out of India. Officers will be liable to serve in the Stores Department of the Indian Railways if and when called upon to do so.

8. The relative seniority of officers appointed under rule 3(a) will ordinarily be determined by their order of merit in the competitive examination. The Government of India, however, reserve the right of fixing seniority at their discretion in individual cases. They also reserve the right of assigning to officers appointed under rules 3(b) and (c) and 4 positions in the seniority list at their discretion.

NOTE.—If the period of training and consequently the period of probation is extended in any particular case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the officer concerned is liable to lose in seniority.

9. The following are the rates of pay admissible to officers appointed to the Signal Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways:—

Junior Scale.—Rs. 350—350—380—380—30—590—E.B.—30—770—40—850.

Senior Scale.—Rs. 600 (1st to 6th year)—40—1,000—1,000—1,050—1,050—1,100—1,100—1,150.

Junior Administrative grade.—Rs. 1,300—60—1,600.

Senior Administrative grade.—Rs. 1,800—100—2,000.

NOTE (i).—The scales of pay given above are however, under reconsideration and are liable to revision.

NOTE (ii).—Probationary officers will start on the minimum of the junior scale and will count their service for increment from the date of joining. They will, however, be required to pass any departmental examination or examinations that may be prescribed before their pay can be raised from Rs. 350 p.m. to Rs. 380 p.m. in the time-scale.

If they fail to pass the departmental examination within the probationary period, increments from Rs. 350 to Rs. 380 will be stopped. In cases where

probationary period is to be extended for failing to pass all departmental examinations within the stipulated period, on their passing the departmental examination, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments will be regulated by Rules and Orders in force from time to time.

10. The increments will be given subject to sub-para. to Note (ii) under para. 9 above, for approved service only, and in accordance with the Rules of the Department.

11. Promotions to the administrative grades are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment and are made wholly by selection, mere seniority does not confer any claim for such promotion.

12. In all matters not specifically provided for herein, the probationary officers will be governed by the provisions of the Indian Railway Codes as amended from time to time and other orders issued by competent authorities in force.

APPENDIX II

FEES

(Vide Rule 17)

Candidates seeking admission to the examination must pay the following fees:—

(a) To the Commission:—

(i) Re. 1 when asking for application form and connected documents.

This amount should be paid to the Commission by Money Order. Local candidates, however, may pay cash at the counter. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(ii) Rs. 81.50 (Rs. 19.62 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) with the completed application form.

This amount should be paid by means of Treasury Receipt or CROSSED Indian Postal Orders payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(b) To the Medical Board:—

Rs. 16 before examination by a Medical Board, if selected for appointment.

This amount should be paid in cash to the Medical Board through the General Manager of the Railway concerned at the time of the Medical examination.

2. Once an application has been considered by the Commission and the decision communicated to the candidate, no claim from the candidate for a refund of the fee paid by him to the Commission will be entertained nor can this fee be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. If, however, a candidate is not admitted to the examination by the Commission, a refund of Rs. 75 (Rs. 18.76 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) will be made to him.

3. The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. The fee of Re. 1, however, must be paid even by a displaced person when asking the Commission for form and this amount will be refundable to him, if on receipt of his application, his claim to be a displaced person is accepted by the Commission and his fee is remitted.

APPENDIX III

List of University degrees which will be recognised for admission to the examination [vide Rule 13(c)]

Aberdeen.—B.Sc. Engineering (Honours or Ordinary degree).

Cambridge.—Ordinary degree B.A. in Engineering provided the graduate has passed in the principal subjects, Engineering I, Engineering II and Engineering III.

Durham.—B.Sc. in Marine Engineering.

Glasgow.—B.Sc. in Naval Architecture (Honours or Ordinary degree).

NOTE.—The above degrees will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The conditions as to three years' study will not, however, apply to Indians who, having taken an Indian degree, which exempts them from part of the University course, shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

APPENDIX IV

Standard and Syllabus of the Examination (vide Rule 18)

Subject	Maximum Marks
(a) Compulsory—	
(1) English (including Essay and Precis writing)	100
(2) General Knowledge	100
(3) Electrical Engineering	100
(4) Electrical Communication Engineering	200
(5) Mechanical Engineering	200
(6) Personality Test	300
TOTAL	1,000
(b) Optional.—Any two of the following subjects:—	
(1) Prime Movers	100
(2) Physics (Electricity and Magnetism)	100
(3) Applied Mechanics (Including Strength of Materials and Theory of Structures)	100
(4) Applied Mathematics	100
(5) Construction—	
Paper I—	
(i) Building Materials and Building Construction	} 50 }
(ii) Design of Structures	
Paper II—	
Roads, Railways (General principles governing the design of Railways, Roads, Harbours and other works)	} 50 }
	100

NOTE 1.—All papers must be answered in English.

NOTE 2.—Candidates must write the papers in their own hand. In no circumstances will they be allowed the help of a scribe to write answers for them.

2. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Commission shall prescribe.

3. The Commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all the subjects at the examination.

4. The Commission will summon at their discretion only those candidates whom they consider suitable for interview for the Personality Test.

5. Special attention will be paid in the Personality Test to assessing the candidates' capacity for leadership, initiative and intellectual curiosity, tact and other social qualities, mental and physical energy, powers of practical application and integrity of character.

6. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

7. Deductions up to 5 per cent. of the maximum marks for the written subjects will be made for illegible handwriting.

8. Credit will be given for good English—orderly, effective and exact expression and due economy of words—in all subjects of the examination.

[No. E(GR)59RR4.]

G.S.R. 277.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to the Indian Railway Service of Engineers, namely:—

RULES

PART I—GENERAL

1. These Rules may be called the Indian Railway Service of Engineers Recruitment Rules.

2. For the purpose of these Rules—

- (a) "Government" means the Government of India.
- (b) "Commission" means the Union Public Service Commission.
- (c) "Service" means the Indian Railway Service of Engineers. The various grades of posts included in the Service, their classification, pay scales and special conditions of Service shall be as included in Appendix I to these rules.
- (d) The expressions 'Scheduled Castes' and 'Scheduled Tribes' have the meanings assigned to them in the Constitution.

3. Recruitment to the Service shall be by the following methods:—

- (a) By competitive examination held in accordance with Part II of these Rules.
- (b) By promotion of specially qualified class II officers, including officiating class II officers of the Civil Engineering Department.

Not more than 33-1/3 per cent. of the vacancies will be filled by departmental promotion; this percentage is likely to be varied from time to time if found necessary.

- (c) By occasional admission of other qualified persons appointed by the Government on the recommendations of the Commission.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 3, Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. Appointments to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be subject to orders issued from time to time by the Ministry of Home Affairs regarding special representation in the Services for specific sections of the people.

PART II—RECRUITMENT BY COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION

6. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such times and places as may be prescribed in the notice issued by the Commission. Every such Notice will, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

7. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service or Department the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment in all or any of these Services or Departments for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service or Department, he shall state in his application form which Services or Departments he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference for them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 17 (and Appendix II) will be sufficient.
- (b) Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

8. A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner, and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

9. A candidate must be either,

- (a) a citizen of India, or
- (b) a subject of Sikkim, or
- (c) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India, or
- (d) a subject of Nepal or of a Portuguese or a former French possession in India.

NOTE 1.—The appointment of candidates in categories (c) and (d) above will be subject to the issue of certificates of eligibility in their favour by the Government of India. The certificate of eligibility in respect of candidates belonging to category (c) will be valid only for a period of one year from the date of his appointment beyond which he would be retained in service only if he has become a citizen of India. Certificates of eligibility will not, however, be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any one of the following categories:—

- (1) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan before the 19th July, 1948, and have ordinarily been residing in India since then.
- (2) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan after the 18th July, 1948, and have got themselves registered as citizens under Article 6 of the Constitution.
- (3) Non-citizens of categories (c) and (d) above who entered service under the Government of India before the commencement of the Constitution, viz. 26th January 1960 and who have continued in such service since then. Any such person who re-entered or may re-enter such service with break after the 26th January, 1950, will, however, require certificate of eligibility in the usual way.

NOTE 2.—A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also be provisionally appointed subject to the necessary certificate being eventually issued in his favour by Government.

10. (a) No male candidate who has more than one wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the Services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any male candidate from the operation of this rule.

(b) No female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any female candidate from the operation of this rule.

11. (1) On the date prescribed by the Commission in their Notice of the examination issued under Rule 6 a candidate must have attained the age of 20 and must not have attained the age of 25 provided that the upper age limit of 25 will be relaxable upto 30 in the case of candidates who are permanently employed in Railway service or who were continuously in the temporary Railway service for at least 3 years or who were within the above specified age limits on the date of their employment in Railway service, such relaxation being limited to three examinations only.

A temporary Assistant Engineer recruited through the Commission to the Indian Railway Service of Engineers by selection by interview will also be eligible for this concession irrespective of the length of his service in the Department.

(2) Departmental candidates must obtain previous permission of the Head of the Department to appear for the examination.

(3) The upper age limits prescribed above will be relaxable:—

- (i) Upto a maximum of five years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.
- (ii) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at five previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at eight previous examinations.

- (iii) Upto a maximum of eight years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Schedule Tribe and is also a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir. This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at ten previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at thirteen previous examinations.
- (iv) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a resident of the former French Settlements which have now become part of India and has been receiving his education through the medium of French.
- (v) Upto a maximum of 4 years if a candidate belongs to the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

NOTE.—Candidates who are admitted to the examination under the age concession mentioned in this rule will not be eligible for appointment if, after submitting the application they resign from service either before or after taking the examination. They will, however, continue to be eligible if they are retrenched from the service or post after submitting the applications.

SAVE AS PROVIDED ABOVE THE AGE LIMITS PRESCRIBED CAN IN NO CASE BE RELAXED.

12. A candidate must satisfy the Commission that his character is such as to make him suitable for appointment to the Service/Department.

13. A candidate must have:—

- (a) obtained a degree in Engineering from a university incorporated by an Act of the Central or of a State Legislature in India; or
- (b) passed Sections A and B, of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) or have any other educational qualifications excepting a B.E. degree (Tele-Communication) awarded by Indian Universities recognised by that institution as exempting from passing these sections; or
- (c) obtained an Engineering degree of one of the universities mentioned in Appendix III under the conditions prescribed in that Appendix; or
- (d) passed the Honours Diploma examination in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering of the Loughborough College, Leicestershire, provided the candidate has passed the common preliminary examination or has been exempted therefrom.

NOTE I.—In exceptional cases the Commission may treat as a qualified candidate, a candidate who though he has not all or any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which in the opinion of the Commission justifies his admission to the examination.

NOTE II.—Candidates who have appeared at an examination the passing of which would render them eligible to appear at this examination, but have not been informed of the result, may apply for admission to the examination. Candidates who intend to appear at such a qualifying examination may also apply provided that the qualifying examination is completed before the commencement of this examination. Their applications will be accepted provisionally and they will be required to furnish proof of having passed the examination as soon as possible and in any case not later than two months after the commencement of the examination.

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

15. A candidate found guilty of impersonation or of submitting fabricated documents or documents which have been tampered with or of making statements which are incorrect or false or suppressing material information or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means for obtaining admission to the examination may, in addition to rendering himself liable to a criminal prosecution be **debarred** either permanently or for a specified period—

- (a) by the Commission from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by the Commission for selection of candidates; **and**

(b) by the Central Government from employment under the Government.

16. No recommendations except those required in the application form shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

17. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Appendix II). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

18. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix IV to these Rules.

19. (a) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate, and in that order so many candidates upto the number of unreserved vacancies announced under rule 6 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(b) Appointment to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community or communities shall be made by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, in the order of merit of the candidates belonging to the particular community or communities, provided they have qualified in the examination and are in all respects suitable for employment in the service.

(c) Success in the examination confers no right to appointment, unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be considered necessary that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public service.

20. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the Service. A candidate who (after such physical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined.

In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government Medical Officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the Physical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standard required can be had from the Commission.

21. (a) Appointments shall be made on probation for a period of three years.

(b) If, in the opinion of Government, the work or conduct of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory, or shows that he is unlikely to become efficient, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(c) On the conclusion of his period of probation, Government may confirm the officer in his appointment, or if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory Government may either discharge him from the Service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

(d) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) or (c) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(e) If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

22. Probationers will also be required to pass a test in Hindi before confirmation.

APPENDIX I

Particulars regarding the Indian Railway Service of Engineers.

(See Rule 2)

1. Appointments to the service will be on probation for a period of three years during which the service of the officers will be liable to termination by three months' notice on either side. Probationary Officers will be required to undergo practical training for the first two years. Those who complete this training successfully and are otherwise considered suitable will be placed in charge of a working post, provided they have passed the prescribed departmental and other examinations. It must be noted that these examinations should, as a rule, be passed at the first chance and that save under exceptional circumstances, a second chance will not be allowed. Failure to pass any of the examinations may result in the termination of the service and will in any case involve stoppage of increments.

At the end of one year in a working post, the probationary officers will be required to pass a final examination, both practical and theoretical, and will, as a rule, be confirmed if they are considered fit for appointment in all respects. In cases where the probationary period is extended for any reason, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments on their passing the departmental examinations, and on being confirmed, will be subject to the rules and orders in force from time to time.

On appointment a probationer shall execute an agreement binding himself and one surety jointly and severally to refund in the event of his failing to complete the probation to the satisfaction of the Central Government any moneys paid to him consequent on his appointment as Probationer.

If for any reasons not beyond his control, a probationer wishes to withdrawal from training or probation, he will be liable to refund the whole cost of his training and any other moneys paid to him during the period of his probation.

NOTE.—The period of training and the period of probation against a working post may be modified at the discretion of Government. If the period of training is extended in any case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the total period of probation will be correspondingly extended.

2. (a) Probationers will not be permitted to apply for appointment elsewhere or appear for examination or selection for recruitment to other services.

(b) In cases where Probationers have already appeared at the Combined Competitive Examinations prior to their allotment to the Railway Service and qualify for appointment to services other than Railway Services, the question of their release from Railway Service will be considered only when they are prepared to refund in cash the cost of the training and other moneys paid to them during the period of their probation before they are actually relieved.

3. Probationers should already have passed or should pass during the period of probation an Examination in Hindi in the Devanagiri Script of an approved standard. This examination may be—

- (i) Secondary School Leaving Certificate or an equivalent examination with Hindi as one of the subjects; and
- (ii) the Lower Standard examination conducted by the Ministry of Defence or one of the equivalent examinations recognised by the Central Government.

No probationary officer can be confirmed or his pay in the time scale raised to Rs. 380/- per month unless he fulfils this requirement; and failure to do so will involve liability to termination of service. No exemption can be granted.

4. Officers of the Indian Railway Service of Engineers recruited under these regulations:—

- (a) will be eligible to pensionary benefits; and
- (b) shall subscribe to the State Railway (non-contributory) Provident Fund under the Rules of that Fund

as applicable to railway servants appointed on the date they join service.

5. Pay will commence from the date of joining service. Service for increments will also count from the same date. Particulars as to pay are contained in para. 9 of this Appendix.

6. Officers recruited under these regulations shall be eligible for leave in accordance with the rules for the time being in force applicable to officers of Indian Railways.

7. Officers will ordinarily be employed throughout their service on the Railway to which they may be posted on first appointment and will have no claim, as a matter of right, to transfer to some other Railway. But the Government of India reserve the right to transfer such officers, in the exigencies of service, to any other Railway or project in or out of India. Officers will be liable to serve in the Stores Department of the Indian Railways if and when called upon to do so.

8. The relative seniority of officers appointed under rule 3(a) will ordinarily be determined by their order of merit in the competitive examination. The Government of India, however, reserve the right of fixing seniority at their discretion in individual cases. They also reserve the right of assigning to officers appointed under rules 3(b), 3(c) and 4 positions in the seniority list at their discretion.

NOTE.—If the period of training and consequently the period of probation is extended in any particular case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the officer concerned is liable to lose in seniority.

9. The following are the rates of pay admissible to officers appointed to the Indian Railway Service of Engineers:—

Junior Scale.—Rs. 350—350—380—380—30—590—E.B.—30—770—40—850.

Senior Scale.—Rs. 600 (1st to 6th year)—40—1,000—1,000—1,050—1,050—1,100—1,100—1,150.

Junior Administrative grade.—Rs. 1,300—60—1,600.

Senior Administrative grade.—Rs. 1,800—100—2,000—125—2,250.

NOTE (i).—The scales of pay given above are however, under reconsideration and are liable to revision.

NOTE.—(ii).—Probationary officers will start on the minimum of the junior scale and will count their service for increment from the date of joining. They will, however, be required to pass any departmental examination or examinations that may be prescribed before their pay can be raised from Rs. 350 p.m. to Rs. 380 p.m. in the time-scale.

If they fail to pass the departmental examination within the probationary period, increments from Rs. 350 to Rs. 380 will be stopped. In cases where probationary period is to be extended for failing to pass all departmental examinations within the stipulated period, on their passing the departmental examination, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments will be regulated by Rules and Orders in force from time to time.

10. The increments will be given subject to sub-para. to Note (ii) under para. 9 above, for approved service only, and in accordance with the rules of the Department.

11. Promotions to the administrative grades are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment and are made wholly by selection, mere seniority does not confer any claim for such promotion.

12. In all matters not specifically provided for herein, the probationary officers will be governed by the provisions of the Indian Railway Codes as amended from time to time and other orders issued by competent authorities in force.

APPENDIX II

FEES

(Vide Rule 17)

Candidates seeking admission to the examination must pay the following fees—

(a) To the Commission:—

(i) Re. 1/- when asking for application form and connected documents.

This amount should be paid to the Commission by Money Order. Local candidates, however, may pay cash at the counter. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(ii) Rs. 81.50 (Rs. 19.62 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) with the completed application form.

This amount should be paid by means of Treasury Receipt or CROSSED Indian Postal Order payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(b) To the Medical Board:—

Rs. 16/- before examination by a Medical Board, if selected for appointment.

This amount should be paid in cash to the Medical Board through the General Manager of the Railway concerned at the time of the Medical examination.

2. Once an application has been considered by the Commission and the decision communicated to the candidate, no claim from the candidate for a refund of the fee paid by him to the Commission will be entertained nor can this fee be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. If, however, a candidate is not admitted to the examination by the Commission, a refund of Rs. 75 (Rs. 18.75 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) will be made to him.

3. The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. The fee of Re. 1, however, must be paid even by a displaced person when asking the Commission for form and this amount will be refundable to him, if on receipt of his application, his claim to be a displaced person is accepted by the Commission and his fee is remitted.

APPENDIX III

List of University degrees which will be recognised for admission to the examination [vide Rule 13(c)]

Aberdeen—B.Sc. Engineering (Honours or Ordinary degree).

Cambridge—Ordinary degree B.A. in Engineering provided the graduate has passed in the principal subjects, Engineering I, Engineering II and Engineering III.

Durham—B.Sc. in Marine Engineering.

Glasgow—B.Sc. in Naval Architecture (Honours or Ordinary degree).

NOTE.—The above degree will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The conditions as to three years' study will not, however, apply to Indian who, having taken an Indian degree, which exempts them from part of the University course, shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

APPENDIX IV

Standard and Syllabus of the Examination

(Vide Rule 18)

Subject	Maximum Marks
(a) Compulsory—	
(1) English (including Essay and Precis writing)	100
(2) General Knowledge	100
(3) Applied Mechanics (including Strength of Materials and Theory Structures).	200
(4) Construction.	
Paper I—	
(1) Building Materials and Building Construction	100
(ii) Design of Structure.	
Paper II—	
Roads, Railways (General principles governing the design of Railways, Roads, Harbours and other works.)	100
(5) Surveying	100
(6) Sanitary Engineering and Water Supply	100
(7) Personality Test	300
	<hr/>
TOTAL	1,100
(b) Optional—Any two of the following subjects:—	
(1) Prime Movers	100
(2) Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machines	100
(3) Electrical Engineering	100
(4) Architecture and Town Planning	100
(5) Mechanical Engineering	100

NOTE 1.—All papers must be answered in English.

NOTE 2.—Candidates must write the papers in their own hand. In no circumstances will they be allowed the help of a scribe to write answers for them.

2. A candidate must produce a certificate that he has undergone satisfactory training in Surveying including practical surveying in a college or institution recognised by the Commission for the purpose of admission to the competitive examination for the Service. The training must be equivalent to that given in full course for a degree or diploma in Civil Engineering. The certificate must be signed by the Principal, or the Head of the Department of Surveying in the College or Institution.

For this purpose the Commission will ordinarily accept a certificate from any college or institution mentioned in Rule 13 of the preceding rules, or from any college which is affiliated to any University mentioned in the same Rule. The Commission, however, reserve to themselves the power not to accept any certificate if they are satisfied that the practical training referred to therein falls short of the requirements of the Service, and their decision in the matter will be final.

3. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Commission shall prescribe.

4. The Commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all the subjects at the examination.

5. The Commission will summon at their discretion only those candidates whom they consider suitable for interview for the Personality Test.

6 Special attention will be paid in the Personality Test to assessing the candidates' capacity for leadership, initiative and intellectual curiosity, tact and other social qualities, mental and physical energy, powers of practical application and integrity of character.

7 From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

8 Deductions upto 5 per cent of the maximum marks for the written subjects will be made for illegible handwriting.

9 Credit will be given for good English—orderly, effective and exact expression and due economy of words—in all subjects of the examination.

[No. E(GR) 59RR2.]

G.S.R. 278.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to the Electrical Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of the Indian Railways, namely:—

RULES

PART I—GENERAL

1. These Rules may be called the Electrical Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways Recruitment Rules

2 For the purpose of these rules—

- (a) "Government" means the Government of India
- (b) "Commission" means the Union Public Service Commission
- (c) "Service" means the Electrical Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways. The various grades of posts included in the Service, their classification, pay scales and special conditions of Service shall be as included in Appendix I to these rules.
- (d) The Expressions 'Scheduled Castes' and 'Scheduled Tribes' have the meanings assigned to them in the Constitution.

3. Recruitment to the Service shall be by the following methods:—

- (a) By competitive examination held in accordance with Part II of these Rules
- (b) By promotion of specially qualified class II officers, including officiating class III officers of the Electrical Engineering Department.

Not more than 33 1/3 per cent of the vacancies will be filled by departmental promotion, this percentage is liable to be varied from time to time if found necessary.

- (c) By occasional admission of other qualified persons appointed by the Government on the recommendations of the Commission.

4 Subject to the provisions of Rule 3, Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies or such vacancies as may be required to be filled during any particular period, and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5 Appointments to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be subject to orders issued from time to time by the Ministry of Home Affairs regarding special representation in the Services for specific sections of the people.

Part II—RECRUITMENT BY COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION

6 A competitive examination for admission to the service shall be held in India at such times and places as may be prescribed in the Notice issued by the Commission. Every such Notice will, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination

7. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service or Department, the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) Any person may apply to be admitted, as a candidate for appointment in all or any of these Services or Departments for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service or Department, he shall state in his application form which Services or Departments he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference for them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 17 (and Appendix II) will be sufficient.
- (b) Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

8. A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner, and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

9. A candidate must be either—

- (a) a citizen of India, or
- (b) a subject of Sikkim, or
- (c) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India, or
- (d) a subject of Nepal or of a Portuguese or a former French possession in India.

NOTE 1.—The appointment of candidates in categories (c) and (d) above will be subject to the issue of certificates of eligibility in their favour by the Government of India. The certificate of eligibility in respect of candidates belonging to category (c) will be valid only for a period of one year from the date of his appointment beyond which he would be retained in service only if he has become a citizen of India. Certificates of eligibility will not, however, be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any one of the following categories—

- (1) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan before the 19th July, 1948, and have ordinarily been residing in India since then.
- (2) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan after the 18th July 1948, and have got themselves registered as citizens under Article 6 of the Constitution.
- (3) Non-citizens of categories (c) and (d) above who entered service under the Government of India before the commencement of the Constitution, viz., 26th January 1950 and who have continued in such service since then. Any such person who re-entered or may re-enter such service with break after the 26th January 1950, will, however, require certificate of eligibility in the usual way.

NOTE 2.—A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also be provisionally appointed subject to the necessary certificate being eventually issued in his favour by Government.

10. (a) No candidate who has more than one wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the Services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India, after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any male candidate from the operation of this rule.

(b) No female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any female candidate from the operation of this rule.

11. (1) On the date prescribed by the Commission in their Notice of the examination issued under Rule 6, a candidate must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 25 provided that the upper age limit of 25 will be relaxable upto 30 in the case of candidates who are permanently employed

in Railway Service or who were continuously in the temporary Railway Service for at least 3 years or who were within the above specified age limits on the date of their employment in Railway Service, such relaxation being limited to three examinations only.

A temporary Assistant Engineer recruited through the Commission to the Electrical Engineering Department by selection by interview will also be eligible for this concession irrespective of the length of his service in the Department.

(2) Departmental candidates must obtain previous permission of the Head of the Department to appear for the examination.

(3) The upper age limits prescribed above will be relaxable:—

(i) Up to a maximum of five years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.

(ii) Up to a maximum of three years if a candidate is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at four previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at seven previous examinations.

(iii) Up to a maximum of eight years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe and is also a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at nine previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at twelve previous examinations.

(iv) Up to a maximum of three years if a candidate is a resident of the former French Settlements which have now become part of India and has been receiving his education through the medium of French.

(v) Up to a maximum of 4 years if a candidate belongs to the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

NOTE.—Candidates who are admitted to the examination under the age concession mentioned in this rule will not be eligible for appointment if, after submitting the application, they resign from service either before or after taking the examination. They will, however, continue to be eligible if they are retrenched from the service or post after submitting the applications.

SAVE AS PROVIDED ABOVE THE AGE LIMITS PRESCRIBED CAN IN NO CASE BE RELAXED.

12. A candidate must satisfy the Commission that his character is such as to make him suitable for appointment to the Service/Department.

13. A candidate must have—

(a) obtained a degree in Engineering from a University incorporated by an Act of the Central or of a State Legislature in India; or

(b) passed Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) or have any other educational qualifications recognised by that institution as exempting from passing these sections; or

(c) obtained an Engineering degree of one of the Universities mentioned in Appendix III under the conditions prescribed in that Appendix; or

(d) passed the Honours Diploma examination in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering of the Loughborough College, Leicestershire, provided the candidate has passed the common preliminary examination or has been exempted therefrom; or

(e) obtained the B.E. (Tele-communication) degree awarded by Indian Universities, or

(f) passed the Graduate Membership Examination of the Institution of Tele-communication Engineers (India).

NOTE I.—In exceptional cases the Commission may treat as a qualified candidate, a candidate who, though he has not all or any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which, in the opinion of the Commission, justifies his admission to the examination.

NOTE II.—Candidates who have appeared at an examination the passing of which would render them eligible to appear at this examination, but have not been informed of the result, may apply for admission to the examination. Candidates who intend to appear at such a qualifying examination may also apply, provided that the qualifying examination is completed before the commencement of this examination. Their applications will be accepted provisionally and they will be required to furnish proof of having passed the examination as soon as possible and in any case not later than two months after the commencement of the examination.

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

15. A candidate found guilty of impersonation or of submitting fabricated documents or documents which have been tampered with or of making statement which are incorrect or false or suppressing material information or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means for obtaining admission to the examination may, in addition to rendering himself liable to a criminal prosecution be debarred either permanently or for a specified period—

(a) by the Commission from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by the Commission for selection of candidates; and

(b) by the Central Government from employment under the Government.

16. No recommendations except those required in the application form shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

17. Candidate must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Appendix II). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

18. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix IV to these Rules.

19. (a) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate, and in that order so many candidates up to the number of unreserved vacancies announced under rule 6 above, as are found by the Commission to have passed the examination and are considered by Government or the Commission as the case may be, to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(b) Appointment to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community or communities shall be made by Government or the appointing authority as the case may be, in the order of merit of the candidates, belonging to the particular community or communities, provided they have qualified in the examination and are in all respects suitable for employment in the service.

(c) Success in the examination confers no right to appointment, unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be considered necessary that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public service.

20. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the service. A candidate who (after such physical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates, who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined.

In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government Medical Officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the physical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission.

21. (a) Appointment shall be made on probation for a period of three years.

(b) If, in the opinion of Government, the work or conduct, of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory, or show that he is unlikely to become efficient, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(c) On the conclusion of his period of probation Government may confirm the officer in the service, or, if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been satisfactory, Government may either discharge him from the Service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

(d) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) or (c) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(e) If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

22. Probationers will also be required to pass a test in Hindi before confirmation.

APPENDIX I

(See Rule 2)

Particulars regarding the Electrical Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways

1. Appointments to the service will be on probation for a period of three years during which the service of the officers will be liable to termination by three months' notice on either side. Probationary Officers will be required to undergo training for the first two years. Those who complete this training and are otherwise considered suitable will be placed in charge of a working post, provided they have passed the prescribed departmental and other examinations. It must be noted that these examinations should, as a rule, be passed at the first chance and that save under exceptional circumstances, a second chance will not be allowed. Failure to pass any of the examinations may result in the termination of the service and will in any case involve stoppage of increments.

At the end of one year in a working post, the probationary officers will be required to pass a final examination, both theoretical and practical, and will, as a rule, be confirmed if they are considered fit for appointment in all respects. In cases where the probationary period is extended for any reason, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments on their passing the departmental examinations, and on being confirmed, will be subject to the rules and orders in force from time to time.

On appointment a probationer shall execute an agreement binding himself and one surety jointly and severally to refund in the event of his failing to complete the probation to the satisfaction of the Central Government any moneys paid to him consequent on his appointment as Probationer.

If for any reasons not beyond his control, a probationer wishes to withdraw from training or probation he will be liable to refund the whole cost of his training and any other moneys paid to him during the period of his probation.

NOTE.—The period of training and the period of probation against a working post may be modified at the discretion of Government. If the period of training is extended in any case, the period of probation, not having been completed satisfactorily, the total period of probation will be correspondingly extended.

2. (a) Probationers will be permitted to apply for appointment elsewhere or appear for examination or selection for recruitment to other services.

(b) In cases where Probationers have already appeared at the Combined Competitive Examinations prior to their allotment to the Railway Service and qualify for appointment to services other than Railway Services, the question of their release from Railway Service will be considered only when they are

prepared to refund in cash the cost of the training and other moneys paid to them during the period of their probation before they are actually relieved.

3. Probationers should already have passed or should pass during the period of probation an Examination in Hindi in the Devnagri Script of an approved standard. This examination may be

- (i) Secondary School Leaving Certificate or an equivalent examination with Hindi as one of the subjects; and
- (ii) the Lower Standard examination conducted by the Ministry of Defence or one of the equivalent examinations recognised by the Central Government.

No probationary officer can be confirmed or his pay in the time scale raised to Rs. 380/- per month unless he fulfils this requirement; and failure to do so will involve liability to termination of service. No exemption can be granted.

4. Officers of the Electrical Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways recruited under these regulations—

- (a) will be eligible to pensionary benefits; and
- (b) shall subscribe to the State Railway (non-contributory) Provident Fund under the Rules of that Fund.

as applicable to railway servants appointed on the date they join service.

5. Pay will commence from the date of joining service. Service for increments will also count from the same date. Particulars as to pay are contained in para. 9 of this Appendix.

6. Officers recruited under these regulations shall be eligible for leave in accordance with the rules for the time being in force applicable to officers of Indian Railways.

7. Officers will ordinarily be employed throughout their service on the Railway to which they may be posted on first appointment and will have no claim, as a matter of right, to transfer to some other Railway. But the Government of India reserve the right to transfer such officers in the exigencies of service, to any other Railway or project in or out of India. Officers will be liable to serve in the Stores Department of the Indian Railways if and when called upon to do so.

8. The relative seniority of officers appointed under rule 3(a) will ordinarily be determined by their order of merit in the competitive examination. The Government of India, however, reserve the right of fixing seniority at their discretion in individual cases. They also reserve the right of assigning to officers appointed under rules 3(b) and (c), and 4 positions in the seniority list at their discretion.

NOTE—If the period of training and consequently the period of probation is extended in any particular case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the officer concerned is liable to lose in seniority.

9. The following are the rates of pay admissible to officers appointed to the Electrical Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways.

Junior Scale:—Rs. 350—350—380—380—30—590—E.B.—30—770—40—850.

Senior Scale:—Rs. 600 (1st to 6th Year)—40—1,000—1,000—1,050—1,050—1,100—1,100—1,500.

Junior Administrative Grade:—Rs. 1,300—60—1,600.

Senior Administrative Grade:—Rs. 1,800—100—2,000.

NOTE (i)—The scales of pay given above are however, under reconsideration and are liable to revision.

NOTE (ii).—Probationary officers will start on the minimum of the junior scale and will count their service for increment from the date of joining. They will, however, be required to pass any departmental examination or examinations that may be prescribed before their pay can be raised from Rs. 350 to Rs. 380 p.m. in the time scale.

If they fail to pass the departmental examination within the probationary period, increments from Rs. 350 to 380 will be stopped. In cases where probationary period is to be extended for failing to pass all departmental examinations within the stipulated period, on their passing the departmental examination, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments will be regulated by Rules and orders in force from time to time.

10. The increments will be given, subject to sub-para. to Note (ii) under para. 9 above, for approved service only, and in accordance with the Rules of the Department.

11. Promotions to the administrative grades are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment and are made wholly by selection: mere seniority does not confer any claim for such promotion.

12. In all matters not specifically provided for herein, the probationary officers will be governed by the provisions of the Indian Railway Codes as amended from time to time and other orders issued by competent authorities in force.

APPENDIX II

FEEs

(Vide Rule 17)

Candidates seeking admission to the examination must pay the following fees:—

(a) To the Commission:—

(i) Re 1/- when asking for application form and connected documents.

This amount should be paid to the Commission by Money Order. Local candidates, however may pay cash at the counter. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(ii) Rs. 81.50 (Rs. 19.62 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) with the completed application form.

This amount should be paid by means of Treasury Receipt or CROSSED Indian Postal Orders payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(b) To the Medical Board:

Rs. 16/- before examination by a Medical Board, if selected for appointment.

This amount should be paid in cash to the Medical Board through the General Manager of the Railway concerned at the time of the Medical examination.

2. Once an application has been considered by the Commission and the decision communicated to the candidate no claim from the candidate for a refund of the fee paid by him to the Commission will be entertained nor can this fee be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. If, however, a candidate is not admitted to the examination by the Commission, a refund of Rs. 75/- (Rs. 18.75 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) will be made to him.

3. The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a bona fide displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. The fee of Re. 1/-, however, must be paid even by a displaced person when asking the Commission for form and this amount will be refundable to him if on receipt of his application, his claim to be a displaced person is accepted by the Commission and his fee is remitted.

APPENDIX III

List of University degree which will be recognised for admission to the examination [vide rule 13(c)].

Aberdeen.—B.Sc. Engineering (Honours or Ordinary degree).

Cambridge—Ordinary B.A. degree. If the candidate has passed the graduate has passed in the principal subjects, I, II and Engineering III.

Durham—B.Sc. in Marine Engineering.

Glasgow—B.Sc. in Naval Architecture (Honours or Ordinary degree).

Note.—The above degrees will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The conditions as to three years' study will not however, apply to Indians who, having taken an Indian degree which exempts them from part of the University course, shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

APPENDIX IV

Standard and Syllabus of the Examination (vide Rule 18)

<i>Subjects</i>	<i>Maximum Marks</i>
(a) Compulsory—	
(1) English (including Essay and Precis writing)	100
(2) General Knowledge	100
(3) Electrical Engineering	200
(4) Mechanical Engineering	200
(5) Applied Mechanics (including Strength of Materials and Theory of Structures)	200
(6) Personality Test	300
TOTAL	1,100
(b) Optional—Any two of the following subjects:—	
(1) Physics (including Electricity and Magnetism)	100
(2) Applied Mathematics	100
(3) Surveying	100
(4) Electrical Communication Engineering	100

Note 1.—All papers must be answered in English.

Note 2.—Candidates must write the papers in their own hand. In no circumstances will they be allowed the help of a scribe to write answers for them.

2. A candidate who takes an optional subject must produce a certificate that he has received practical training in Surveying including practical Surveying in a recognised by the Commission for the purpose of admission to the examination for the Service. The training must be equivalent to the full course for a degree or diploma in Civil Engineering and must be signed by the Principal or the Head of the Department of Surveying in the college or institution.

For this purpose the Commission will ordinarily accept a certificate from any college or institution mentioned in rule 13 of the foregoing Rules or from any college which is affiliated to any University mentioned in the same Rule. The Commission, however, reserve to themselves, the power not to accept any certificate if they are satisfied that the practical training referred to therein falls short of the requirements of the Service, and their decision in the matter will be final.

3. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Commission shall prescribe.

4. The Commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all the subjects at the examination.

5. The Commission will summon at their discretion only those candidates whom they consider suitable for interview for the Personality Test.

6. Special attention will be paid in the Personality Test to assessing the candidate's capacity for leadership, initiative and intellectual curiosity, tact and other social qualities, mental and physical energy, powers of practical application and integrity of character.

7. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

8. Deductions upto 5 per cent. of the maximum marks for the written subjects will be made for illegible handwriting.

9. Credit will be given for good English orderly, effective and exact expression and due economy of words in all subjects of the examination

[No. E(GR)59RR6.]

G.S.R. 279.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of the Indian Railways, Namely:—

RULES

PART I—GENERAL

1. These Rules may be called the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways Recruitment Rules.

2. For the purpose of these Rules—

- (a) "Government" means the Government of India.
- (b) "Commission" means the Union Public Service Commission.
- (c) "Service" means service in the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways.

The various grades of posts included in the service, their classification, pay scales and special conditions of Service shall be as included in Appendix I to these Rules.

- (d) The Expressions 'Scheduled Castes' and 'Scheduled Tribes' have the meanings assigned to them in the Constitution.

3. Recruitment to the service shall be by the following methods:—

- (a) By appointment of candidates as Special Class Apprentices on the results of a Selection to be made in India in accordance with Part II of these Rules.
- (b) By competitive examination held in accordance with Part III of these Rules.
- (c) By promotion of specially qualified officers of the Class II Service including officiating Class II officers in the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department.

Not more than 33-1/3 per cent. of the vacancies will be filled by departmental promotion; this percentage is liable to be varied from time to time if found necessary.

- (d) By occasional admission of other qualified persons appointed by the President in consultation with the Commission.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 3, Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period, and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. Appointment to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be subject to orders issued from time to time by the Ministry of Home Affairs regarding special representation in the Services for specific sections of the people.

PART II—QUALIFICATIONS OF CANDIDATES AND METHODS OF SELECTION OF SPECIAL CLASS APPRENTICES RECRUITED UNDER RULE 3(a).

Published separately on 3rd October 1959

PART III—RECRUITMENT BY COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

6. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such times and places as may be prescribed in the Notice issued by the

Commission. Every such Notice will when possible announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

7. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service or Department the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment in all or any of these Services or Departments for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service or Department he shall state in his application form which Services or Departments he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference for them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in Rule 17 (and Appendix II) will be sufficient.
 - (b) Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.
8. A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner, and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.
9. A candidate must be either—
- (a) a citizen of India; or
 - (b) a subject of Sikkim; or
 - (c) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India; or
 - (d) a subject of Nepal or of a Portuguese or a former French possession in India.

NOTE 1.—The appointment of candidates in categories (c) and (d) above will be subject to the issue of certificate of eligibility in their favour by the Government of India. The certificate of eligibility in respect of candidates belonging to category (c) will be valid only for a period of one year from the date of his appointment beyond which he would be retained in service only if he has become a citizen of India. Certificates of eligibility will not, however, be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any one of the following categories:—

- (1) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan before the 18th July 1948, and have ordinarily been residing in India since then.
- (2) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan after the 18th July 1948, and have got themselves registered as citizens under Article 6 of the Constitution.
- (3) Non-citizens of categories (c) and (d) above who entered service under the Government of India before the commencement of the Constitution, viz., 26th January 1950 and who have continued in such service since then. Any such person who re-entered or may re-enter such service with break after the 26th January 1950, will, however, require certificate of eligibility in the usual way.

NOTE 2.—A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also be provisionally appointed subject to the necessary certificate being eventually issued in his favour by Government.

10. (a) No male candidate who has more than one wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the Services, appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any male candidate from the operation of this rule.

(b) No female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the Services, appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any female candidate from the operation of this rule.

11. (1) On the date prescribed by the Commission in their Notice of the examination issued under Rule 6, a candidate must have attained the age of 20 and must not have attained the age of 25 provided that the upper age limit of 25

will be relaxable upto 30 in the case of candidates who are permanently employed in Railway service or who were continuously in the temporary Railway service for at least 3 years or who were within the above specified age limits on the date of their employment in Railway service, such relaxation being limited to three examinations only.

A temporary Assistant Engineer recruited through the Commission to the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department by selection by interview will also be eligible for this concession irrespective of the length of his service in the Department.

(2) Departmental candidates must obtain previous permission of the Head of the Department to appear for the examination.

(3) The upper age limits prescribed above will be relaxable—

(i) Upto a maximum of five years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.

(ii) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at five previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at eight previous examinations.

(iii) Upto a maximum of eight years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe and is also a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at ten previous examinations or in the case of Railway employees at thirteen previous examinations.

(iv) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a resident of the former French Settlements which have now become part of India and has been receiving his education through the medium of French.

(v) Upto a maximum of 4 years if a candidate belongs to the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

NOTE.—Candidates who are admitted to the examination under the age concession mentioned in this rule will not be eligible for appointment if, after submitting the application, they resign from service either before or after taking the examination. They will, however, continue to be eligible if they are retrenched from the service or post after submitting the applications.

SAVE AS PROVIDED ABOVE THE AGE LIMITS PRESCRIBED CAN IN NO CASE BE RELAXED.

12. A candidate must satisfy the Commission that his character is such as to make him suitable for appointment to the service.

13. A candidate must have

(a) obtained a degree in Engineering from a university incorporated by an Act of the Central or of a State Legislature in India; or

(b) passed Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) or have any other educational qualifications recognised by that institution as exempting from passing these sections; or

(c) Obtain an engineering degree of one of the universities mentioned in Appendix III under the conditions prescribed in that Appendix; or

(d) passed the Honours Diploma examination in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering of the Loughborough College, Leicestershire, provided the candidate has passed the common preliminary examination or has been exempted therefrom; or

(e) obtained the B.E. (Tele-Communication) degree awarded by Indian Universities, or

(f) passed the Graduate Membership Examination of the Institution of Tele-communication Engineers (India).

NOTE I.—In exceptional cases the Commission may treat as a qualified candidate, a candidate who, though he has not all or any of the qualifications prescribed

in this rule has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which in the opinion of the Commission justify his admission to the examination.

NOTE II.—Candidates who have appeared at an examination the passing of which would render them eligible to appear at this examination, but have not been informed of the result may apply for admission to the examination. Candidates who intend to appear at such a qualifying examination may also apply, provided that the qualifying examination is completed before the commencement of this examination. Their applications will be accepted provisionally and they will be required to furnish proof of having passed the examination as soon as possible and in any case not later than two months after the commencement of the examination.

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

15. A candidate found guilty of impersonation or of submitting fabricated documents or documents which have been tampered with or of making statements which are incorrect or false or suppressing material information or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means for obtaining admission to the examination may in addition to rendering himself liable to a criminal prosecution be debarred either permanently or for a specified period—

(a) by the Commission from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by the Commission for selection of candidates; and

(b) by the Central Government from employment under the Government.

16. No recommendations except those required in the application form shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

17. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (See Appendix II). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

18. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix IV to these Rules.

19. (a) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate, and in that order so many candidates up to the number of unreserved vacancies provided under Rule 6 above as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(b) Appointments to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community shall be made by Government or the appointing authority as the case may be, in order of merit of the candidates belonging to the particular community or communities, provided they have qualified in the examination and are in all respects suitable for employment in the service.

(c) Success in the examination confers no right to appointment, unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be considered necessary that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public service.

20. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the service. A candidate who (after such physical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be may prescribe) is found not to satisfy these requirements will not be appointed. Only those candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined.

NOTE.—In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government Medical Officer of the Standing of a Civil

Surgeon before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the physical test to which candidates will be subjected before appointment and the standards required can be had from the Commission.

21. (a) Appointments shall be made on probation for a period of three years.

(b) If, in the opinion of Government, the work or conduct of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory, or shows that he is unlikely to become efficient Government may discharge him forthwith.

(c) On the conclusion of his period of probation Government may confirm the officer in his appointment, or if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory Government may either discharge him from the service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

(d) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) or (c) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(e) If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise all or any of the powers of Government under this rule.

22. Probationers will also be required to pass a test in Hindi before confirmation.

APPENDIX I

Part 1. The Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways

1. Appointments to the service will be on probation for a period of three years during which the service of the officers will be liable to termination by three months' notice on either side. Probationary Officers will be required to undergo practical training for the first two years. Those who complete this training successfully and or otherwise considered suitable will be placed in charge of a working post, provided they pass the prescribed departmental and other examinations. It must be noted that examinations should, as a rule, be passed at the first chance and in exceptional circumstances, a second chance will not be allowed. Failure to pass any of the examinations may result in the termination of the service and will in any case involve stoppage of increments.

At the end of one year in a working post, the probationary officers will be required to pass a final examination, both practical and theoretical, and will, as a rule, be confirmed if they are considered fit for appointment in all respects. In cases where the probationary period is extended for any reason, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments on their passing the departmental examinations, and on being confirmed, will be subject to the rules and orders from time to time.

On appointment a probationer shall execute an agreement binding himself and one surety jointly and severally to refund in the event of his failing to complete the probation to the satisfaction of the Central Government any moneys paid to him consequent on his appointment as Probationer.

If for any reasons not beyond his control, a probationer wishes to withdraw from training or probation, he will be liable to refund the whole cost of his training and any other moneys paid to him during the period of his probation.

NOTE.—The period of training and the period of probation against a working post may be modified at the discretion of Government. If the period of training is extended in any case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the total period of probation will be correspondingly extended.

2. (a) Probationers will not be permitted to apply for appointment elsewhere or appear for examination or selection for recruitment to other services.

(b) In cases where Probationers have already appeared at the Combined Competitive Examinations prior to their allotment to the Railway Service and

qualify for appointment to services other than Railway Services, the question of their release from Railway Service will be considered only when they are prepared to refund in cash the cost of the training and other moneys paid to them during the period of their probation before they are actually relieved.

3. Probationers should already have passed or should pass during the period of probation an Examination in Hindi in the Devanagiri Script of an approved standard. This examination may be—

- (i) Secondary School Leaving Certificate or an equivalent examination with Hindi as one of the subjects; and
- (ii) the Lower Standard examination conducted by the Ministry of Defence or one of the equivalent examinations recognised by the Central Government.

No probationary officer can be confirmed or his pay in the time scale raised to Rs. 380 per month unless he fulfils this requirement; and failure to do so will involve liability to termination of service. No exemption can be granted.

4. Officers of the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways recruited under these regulations—

- (a) will be eligible to pensionary benefits; and
- (b) shall subscribe to the State Railway (Non-Contributory) Provident Fund under the Rules of that Fund

as applicable to railway servants appointed on the date they join service.

5. Pay will commence from the date of joining service as a probationer. Service for increments will also count from the same date. Particulars as to pay are contained in para. 9 of this Appendix.

6. Officers recruited under these regulations shall be eligible for leave in accordance with the rules for the time being in force applicable to officers of Indian Railways.

7. Officers will ordinarily be employed throughout their service on the Railway to which they may be posted on first appointment and will have no claim, as a matter of right, to transfer to some other Railway but the Government of India reserve the right to transfer such officers, in the exigencies of service, to any other railway or project in or out of India. Officers will be liable to serve in the Stores Department of Indian Railways if and when called upon to do so.

8. The relative seniority of officers recruited under rule 3(a) will ordinarily be determined by the order of merit at the end of their first four years' training while in the case of those recruited under rule 3(b) the relative seniority will ordinarily be determined by the order of merit in the competitive examinations. As between officers recruited under rule 3(a) and those recruited under rule 3(b) who enter working posts in the same year, the seniority will be interpolated. The Government of India however reserve the right of fixing seniority at their discretion in individual cases. They also reserve the right of assigning to officers appointed under regulation 3(c) and 3(d) positions in the seniority list at their discretion.

NOTE.—If the period of training and consequently the period of probation, is extended in any particular case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the Officer concerned is liable to lose in seniority.

9. The following are the rates of pay admissible to officers appointed to Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department:—

Junior Scale—Rs. 350—350—380—380—30—590—E.B.—30—770—40—850.

Senior Scale—Rs. 600 (1st to 6th year)—40—1,000—1,000—1,050—1,050—1,100—1,100—1,150.

Junior Administrative Grade—Rs. 1,300—60—1,600.

Senior Administrative Grade—Rs. 1,800—100—2,000—125—2,250.

NOTE (i).—The scales of pay given above are however, under reconsideration and are liable to revision.

NOTE (ii).—Probationary officers will start on the minimum of the junior scale and will count their service for increments from the date of joining. They will, however, be required to pass any departmental examination or examinations that may be prescribed before their pay can be raised from Rs. 350 p.m. to Rs. 380 p.m. in the time scale.

If they fail to pass the departmental examination within the probationary period increments from Rs. 350 to Rs. 380 will be stopped. In cases where Probationary period is to be extended for failing to pass all departmental examinations, within the stipulated period, on their passing the departmental examination, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments will be regulated by Rules and Orders in force from time to time.

10. The increments will be given subject to sub-para. to note (ii) under para. 9 above, for approved service only, and in accordance with the rules of the Department.

11. Promotions to the Administrative grades are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment and are made wholly by selection; mere seniority does not confer any claim for such promotion.

12. In all matters not specifically provided for herein, the probationary officers will be governed by the provisions of the Indian Railway Codes as amended from time to time and other orders issued by competent authorities in force.

APPENDIX II

FEES

(Vide Rule 17)

Candidates seeking admission to the examination must pay the following fees:—

(a) To the Commission:—

(i) Re. 1 when asking for application form and connected documents.

This amount should be paid to the Commission by Money Order, local candidates, however may pay cash at the counter. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(ii) Rs. 81.50 (Rs. 19.62 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) with the completed application form.

This amount should be paid by means of Treasury Receipt or CROSSED Indian Postal Orders payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(b) To the Medical Board:

Rs. 16 before examination by a Medical Board, if selected for appointment.

This amount should be paid in cash to the Medical Board through the General Manager of the Railway concerned at the time of the Medical examination.

2. Once an application has been considered by the Commission and the decision communicated to the candidate no claim from the candidate for a refund of the fee paid by him to the Commission will be entertained nor can this fee be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. If, however, a candidate is not admitted to the examination by the Commission, a refund of Rs. 75 (Rs. 18.75 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) will be made to him.

3. The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. The fee of Re. 1, however, must be paid even by a displaced person when asking the Commission for form and this amount will be refundable to him if on receipt of his application, his claim to be a displaced person is accepted by the Commission and his fee is remitted.

APPENDIX III

List of University degrees which will be recognised for admission to the examination [vide rule 13(c)]

Aberdeen—B.Sc. Engineering (Honours or Ordinary degree).

Cambridge—Ordinary B.A. degree in English and the graduate has passed in the principal subjects, Engineering I, II, III and Engineering III.

Durham—B.Sc. in Marine Engineering.

Glasgow—B.Sc. in Naval Architecture (Honours or Ordinary degree).

NOTE.—The above degrees will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The conditions as to three years' study will not however, apply to Indians who, having taken an Indian degree, which exempts them from part of the University course, shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

APPENDIX IV

Standard and Syllabus of the Examination (vide Rule 18)

<i>Subjects</i>	<i>Maximum Marks</i>
(a) Compulsory—	
1. English (including Essay and Precis writing)	100
2. General Knowledge	100
3. Applied Mechanics (including strength of materials)	200
4. Theory of Machines and Machine design	200
5. Prime Movers	200
6. Personality Test	300
TOTAL	1,100
(b) Optional (any two of the following subjects):—	
1. Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machines	100
2. Electrical Engineering	100
3. Metallurgy	100
4. Workshop Technology	100
5. Physics (including Electricity and Magnetism)	100
6. Workshop Organisation and Management	100

NOTE 1.—All papers must be answered in English.

NOTE 2.—Candidates must write the papers in their own hand. In no circumstances will they be allowed the help of a scribe to write answers for them.

2. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Commission shall prescribe.

3. The Commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all the subjects at the examination.

4. The Commission will summon at their discretion only those candidates whom they consider suitable for interview for the personality test.

5. Special attention will be paid in the personality test to assessing the candidates' capacity for leadership, initiative and intellectual curiosity, tact and other social qualities, mental and physical energy, powers of practical application and integrity of character.

6. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

7. Deductions upto 5 per cent of the maximum marks for the written subjects will be made for illegible handwriting.

8. Credit will be given for good English—orderly, effective and exact expression and due economy of words—in all subjects of the examination.

[No. E(GR)59RR7-1.]

R. E. de Sa, Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS
(Department of Transport)

MERCHANT SHIPPING

New Delhi, the 26th February 1960

G.S.R. 280.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 414 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 (44 of 1958) and in supersession of the Control of Shipping (Forms of Licences) Rules, 1949 published with the Notification of the Government of India, Department of Commerce No. 3-MIV(1)/49 dated the 29th October 1949, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Merchant Shipping (Forms of Licences) Rules, 1960.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules,

(a) "Act" means the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 (44 of 1958);

(b) "Form" means a form set out in the Schedule to these rules.

3. **Forms of applications and licences.**—Every application for a licence specified in column 1 of the table below shall be made in the Form specified against it in column 2 of the said table and the licence, when granted, shall be in the Form specified in the corresponding entry in column 3 thereof.

TABLE

<i>Nature of licence</i>	<i>Form of application</i>	<i>Form of license</i>
1.	2.	3.
Specified Voyage licence (sec. 406)	Form A	Form B
General licence or specified period licence (sec. 406)	Form C	Form D
Specified period licence (sec. 407)	Form E	Form F
Specified voyage licence (sec. 407)	Form G	Form H

SCHEDULE

FORM A.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN THE MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS
(DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT)

APPLICATION FOR SPECIFIED VOYAGE LICENCE

UNDER SECTION 406 OF THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT, 1958.

Name of Applicant.....

Address of Applicant.....

To

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF SHIPPING,
BOMBAY.

Application is hereby made for a licence for the ship of which particulars are given below, to make a voyage in accordance with the details given. It is understood that the grant of a licence will be made without prejudice to any Navigation Order that may be made and will not exempt the ship from compliance with any other lawful requirements or directions affecting the ship or her cargo, passengers, stores, bunkers, equipment, etc.

Signature of Applicant.....

The signature must be that of the person having the management of the ship or a person duly authorised in that behalf by him.

Dated.....

PARTICULARS OF SHIP

Name and official number.....Port of Registry.....Gross Tonnage.....

Total Deadweight capacity (including bunkers).....Total cubic capacity of refrigerated space, if any.....

Commencement of voyage:— (a) Expected date of sailing, if in ballast (b) Expected date of loading, or readiness to load		(a) Port of departure if in ballast (b) Loading port or ports (c) Destination (including options) (d) Ports of call <i>en route</i>	PASSENGERS Estimated number and class of passengers from India	CARGO Description & Estimated quantity	Expected date of Completion of voyage
1	2	3	4	5	
(a)	(a)				
(b)	(b)				
	(c)				
	(d)				

THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED AND LODGED IN DUPLICATE (see notes below)

NOTES

1. In the event of any alteration in the intended voyage, the form should be returned, together with a fresh application in duplicate
2. The application should normally be made before the vessel commences loading.

FORM B.

, (Space reserved for Official use only).

LICENCE

(Sec. 406 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958).

LICENCE NUMEER.....

This licence is granted in accordance with the particulars set out in the above application, subject to the limitations and conditions stated below and on the understanding that all relevant Regulations, Rules and Orders have been, are being or will be complied with.

This licence is issued for a single voyage from.....to.....
and shall remain valid from.....to.....or until revoked or modified earlier by the Director-General of Shipping. (*Vide* Section 408 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.)

This licence is to be produced to the Collector of Customs in making application for clearance from the Port in India at which the voyage is commenced.

When this licence ceases to be valid, the licence shall, without unreasonable delay, return it or cause it to be returned to the Director-General of Shipping.

Bombay, dated.....

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF SHIPPING

FORM C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN THE MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

(Dept. of Transport)

APPLICATION FOR GENERAL OR SPECIFIED PERIOD LICENCE

UNDER SECTION 406 OF THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT, 1958.

Name of Applicant.....

Address of Applicant.....

To

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF SHIPPING,

BOMBAY.

Application is hereby made for a general specified period licence for the ship of which particulars are given on the reverse, to ply in the trade(s) mentioned in column 9 of the said particulars. It is understood that the grant of a licence will be made without prejudice to any Navigation Order made or to be made and will not exempt the ship from compliance with any other lawful requirements or directions affecting the ship or her cargo, passengers, stores, bunkers, equipments, etc. It is further understood that the owner(s) or time charterer(s) of the ship for which a licence is granted will on request forward to the Director General of Shipping such particulars as he may require with respect to the rate of freight, the nature and quantity of cargo carried, the number of passengers embarked, all other matters referred to in Sec. 413 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 and conditions of carriage for each voyage made or proposed to be made by the ship under the licence.

The licence is required for a period of*.....months from.....

Signature of Applicant

The Signature must be that of the person having the management of the ship or a person duly authorised in that behalf by him.

Dated.....

*To be filled in only when a licence for a specified period is applied for; otherwise this sentence to be scored out.

PARTICULAR OF SHIPS

Name of Vessel	Name and address of— (a) Owners (b) Time charterers (if any) stating duration of charter	Official Number	Port of Registry	Gross Tonnage	Total bale cubic capacity	(a) Number of holds and deadweight ca- pacity of each (b) Total deadweight capacity including bunkers	Loaded Draft	(a) Trade, (b) Special trade (if any) in which ship will be wholly or partly en- gaged and (c) Specified period.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	(a)					(a)		(a)
	(b)					(b)		(b)
								(c) For a period ofmonths.

THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED AND LODGED IN DUPLICATE (see Note below).

NOTE

If the application is granted the licence should be forwarded to the Master for retention on board the ship.

FORM D.

(Space reserved for Official use only.)

LICENCE NUMBER.....

LICENCE (Section 406 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.)

This Licence is granted in accordance with the particulars set out in the above application, subject to the limitations and conditions stated below and on the understanding that all relevant Regulations, Rules and Orders have been, are being, or will be complied with.

This Licence is to be produced to the Collector of Customs in making application for clearance for each voyage from an Indian ports, and remains valid upto.....or until revoked or modified earlier by the Director General of Shipping, vide section 408 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.

Bombay, dated.....

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF SHIPPING.

FORM E.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN THE MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS

(Department of Transport)

APPLICATION FOR SPECIFIED PERIOD LICENCE

UNDER SECTION 407 OF THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT, 1958

Name of Applicant

Address of Applicant

To
THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF SHIPPING,
BOMBAY.

Application is hereby made for a Licence for a Specified Period for the ship particulars of which are given below to ply in the Coasting Trade of India as defined in clause (2) of Section 3 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958. The licence is required for a period of..... months from.....

Signature of Applicant

The signature must be that of the person having the management of the ship or a person duly authorised in that behalf by him.

Dated.....

PARTICULARS OF SHIP

Name of Vessel.	Name and address of— (a) Owners (b) Time Charterers (if any) stating duration of charter.	Official Number.	Port of Registry.	Gross Tonnage.	Total bale cubic capacity.	(a) Number of holds and deadweight capacity of each. (b) Total deadweight capacity including bunkers.	Loaded Draft.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	(a)					(a)	
	(b)					(b)	

THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED AND LODGED IN DUPLICATE (see note below)

NOTE

If the Application is granted the licence should be forwarded to the Master for retention on board the ship.

FORM F.

(Space reserved for Official use only).

LICENCE (Sec. 407 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958).

LICENCE NUMBER.....

This licence is granted in accordance with the particulars set out in the above application, subject to the limitations and conditions stated below.

- (1) This Licence shall remain valid fromto.....or until revoked or modified earlier by the Director General of Shipping, *vide* Sec. 408 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.
- (2) When this Licence ceases to be valid, the licensee shall, without unreasonable delay, return it or cause it to be returned to the Director General of Shipping.
- (3) That all relevant regulations, rules and orders in respect of the ship and/or cargo/passengers have been, are being or will be complied with.

Bombay, dated.....

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF SHIPPING.

FORM G.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN THE MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS

(Department of Transport)

APPLICATION FOR SPECIFIED VOYAGE LICENCE

UNDER SECTION 407 OF THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT, 1958

Name of Applicant

Address of Applicant

To
THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF SHIPPING,
BOMBAY.

Application is hereby made for a Specified Voyage Licence for the ship, particulars of which are given below to lift cargo/passengers as detailed overleaf in the Coasting Trade of India as defined in clause (2) of Section 3 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.

Signature of Applicant

The signature must be that of the person having the management of the ship or a person duly authorised in that behalf by him.

Dated.....

PARTICULARS OF SHIP

VESSEL

(a) Name
(b) Port of Registry
(c) G. R. T.

(a) Name and address of owner
(b) Time Charterer (if any) stating duration of charter
(c) Voyage or Trip Charterer (if any)

(a) Voyage for which licence is required
(b) Expected date of Loading or Embarkation
(c) Expected date of completion of voyage

1

2

3

(a)

(a)

(a)

(b)

(b)

(b)

(c)

(c)

(c)

FORM H.

(Space reserved for official use only).

LICENCE NUMBER.....

LICENCE

(Sec. 407 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.)

This Licence is granted in accordance with the particulars set out in the above application, subject to the limitations and conditions stated below.

- (1) This Licence is issued for a single voyage from.....to.....
and shall remain valid from.....to.....or until revoked or modified earlier
by the Director-General of Shipping, *vide* Section 408 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.
- (2) When this Licence ceases to be valid, the licensee shall, without unreasonable delay, return it or cause it to be returned to the Director-General of Shipping.
- (3) That all relevant regulations, rules and orders in respect of the ship and/or cargo/passengers have been, are being or will be complied with.

Bombay, dated.....

DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF SHIPPING.

DETAILS OF CARGO/PASSENGERS

Port of Loading or Embarkation	Port of Discharge or Disembarka- tion	Particulars regarding Passengers	Cargo Particulars			Additional Particulars required in respect of Transhipment cargo			REMARKS
			(a) Description	(b) Marking	(c) Quantity & weight in D.W. Tons	(a) Original port of shipmen	(b) Name of original carrier with name and address of owners/charterers	(c) Date on which cargo overlanded in Indian port	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED AND LODGED IN DUPLICATE

NOTE

If the application is granted the licence should be forwarded to the Master for tention on board the ship.

[No. 30-M.L.(8)/59]

S. K. GHOSH, Deputy Secretary.

(Department of Transport)**(Transport Wing)****PORTS***New Delhi, the 5th March 1960*

G.S.R. 281.—The following draft of an amendment to the Cochin Harbour Craft Rules, 1947, which it is proposed to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (K) of sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), is published, as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 25th March, 1960.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In sub-rule (3) of rule 29 of the said Rules, for the expression "31st December 1950", the expression "31st December 1956" shall be substituted.

[No. 6-PG(7)/30.]

MISS I. INDIRA, Under Secy.

(Department of Communications and Civil Aviation)**(Posts and Telegraphs Board)***New Delhi, the 25th February 1960*

G.S.R. 282.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (13 of 1885), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Rules for the Licensing of Wireless Receiving Apparatus, 1940, namely:—

(1) In rule 14-A of the said Rules, to clause (1), the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that in the case of additional sets not entered in the licence, full rate of surcharge, as applicable on first set, will be levied."

(2) After clause (3), the following clause shall be added, namely:—

"(4) The institutions for the blind in India which have been exempted from payment of any licence fee for the radio sets installed by them for the sole benefit of the blind inmates shall also be liable to pay a surcharge of Rs. 1/- per calendar month or part thereof if a free permit is not taken or renewed in time."

[No. 1-46/58-BRL.]

New Delhi, the 26th February 1960

G.S.R. 283.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment through competitive examination to the cadre of Assistant Engineer (Workshops), Class II, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Assistant Engineer (Workshops), Class II, (Examination) Rules, 1960.

2. For the purpose of these Rules—

(a) "Government" means the Government of India.

(b) "The Commission" means the Union Public Service Commission.

- (c) "The Service" means the cadre of Assistant Engineer (Workshops), Class II, particulars in respect of which are given in Appendix IV.

3. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such times and places as may be prescribed in the Notice issued by the Commission. Every such Notice will when possible announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

4. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment in all or any of these Services for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service, he shall state in his application form which Services he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference for them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 14 (and Appendix III) will be sufficient.

- (b) Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

5. A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner, and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

6. A candidate must be either—

- (a) a citizen of India, or
- (b) a subject of Sikkim, or
- (c) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India, or
- (d) a subject of Nepal or of a Portuguese or former French possession in India.

NOTE.—The appointment of candidates in categories (c) and (d) above will be subject to the issue of certificates of eligibility in their favour by the Government of India. The certificate of eligibility in respect of candidates belonging to category (c) will be valid only for a period of one year from the date of his appointment beyond which he would be retained in service only if he has become a citizen of India. Certificates of eligibility will not, however, be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any one of the following categories:—

- (1) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan before the 19th July, 1948, and have ordinarily been residing in India since then.
- (2) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan after the 18th July, 1948 and have got themselves registered as citizens under Article 6 of the Constitution.
- (3) Non-citizens of categories (c) and (d) above who entered service under the Government of India before the commencement of the constitution, viz., 26th January, 1950 and who have continued in such service since then. Any such person who re-entered or may re-enter such service with break after the 26th January, 1950, will, however, require certificate of eligibility in the usual way.

NOTE 2.—A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also be provisionally appointed subject to the necessary certificate being eventually issued in his favour by Government.

7. (a) No male candidate who has more than one wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the Services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any male candidate from the operation of this rule.

(b) No female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any of the services appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any female candidate from the operation of this rule.

8. On the date prescribed by the Commission in their Notice of the examination issued under Rule 3 a candidate must have attained the age of 20 and must not have attained the age of 25, provided that the upper age limit of 25 will be relaxable upto 30 in the case of candidates who hold substantively permanent posts in the Posts and Telegraphs Department, or have continuously held for a period of not less than two years temporary posts of (1) Foremen, or (2) Assistant Foremen, or (3) Assistant Engineers (Workshops) in the Posts and Telegraphs Workshops, such relaxation being limited to three examination only.

Departmental candidates must obtain previous permission of the Head of the Department to appear for the examination.

NOTE.—The upper age limits prescribed above will be relaxable:—

(i) Upto a maximum of five years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.

(ii) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir;

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at five previous examinations or in the case of those employed in the Posts and Telegraphs Department at eight previous examinations.

(iii) Upto a maximum of eight years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe and is also a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir.

This concession will not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at ten previous examinations or in the case of those employed in the Posts and Telegraphs Department at thirteen previous examinations.

(iv) Upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a resident of the former French Settlements which have now become part of India and has been receiving his education through the medium of French.

(v) Upto a maximum of 4 years if a candidate belongs to the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

N.B.—Candidates who are admitted to the examination under the age concession mentioned in this rule will not be eligible for appointment if, after submitting the application, they resign from Service either before or after taking the examination. They will, however, continue to be eligible if they are retrenched from the service or post after submitting the applications.

SAVE AS PROVIDED ABOVE THE AGE LIMITS PRESCRIBED CAN IN NO CASE BE RELAXED

9. A candidate must satisfy the Commission that his character is such as to make him suitable for appointment to the Service.

10. A candidate must have—

(a) obtained a degree in Engineering from a university incorporated by an Act of the Central or of a State Legislature in India; or

(b) passed Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) or have any other educational qualifications recognised by that institution, as exempting from passing these sections, or

(c) obtained an engineering degree of one of the universities mentioned in Appendix I under the conditions prescribed in that Appendix; or

(d) passed the Honours Diploma Examination in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering of the Loughborough College, Leicestershire provided the candidate has passed the common preliminary examination or has been exempted therefrom; or

(e) obtained the B.E. (Tele-Communication) degree awarded by Indian Universities; or

(f) passed the Graduate Membership Examination of the Institution of Tele-communication Engineers (India).

NOTE 1.—In exceptional cases the Commission may treat as a qualified candidate, a candidate, who, though he has not all or any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which in the opinion of the Commission justifies his admission to the examination.

NOTE 2.—Candidates who have appeared at an examination the passing of which would render them eligible to appear at this examination, but have not been informed of the result may apply for admission to the examination. Candidates who intend to appear at such a qualifying examination may also apply, provided that the qualifying examination is completed before the commencement of this examination. Their applications will be accepted provisionally and they will be required to furnish proof of having passed the examination as soon as possible and in any case not later than two months after the commencement of the examination.

11. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

12. A candidate found guilty of impersonation or of submitting fabricated documents or documents which have been tampered with or of making statements which are incorrect or false or suppressing material information or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means for obtaining admission to the examination may, in addition to rendering himself liable to a criminal prosecution be debarred either permanently or for a specified period—

(a) by the Commission from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by the Commission for selection of candidates; and

(b) by the Central Government from employment under the Government.

13. No recommendations except those required in the application form shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

14. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (See Appendix III). No claim for a refund of any of those fees will be entertained nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

15. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix II to these Rules.

16. (a) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate and in that order so many candidates up to the number of vacancies announced under rule 3 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(b) Appointments to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community or communities shall be made by Government or the appointing authority as the case may be, in the order of merit of the candidates belonging to the particular community or communities provided they have qualified in the examination and are in all respects suitable for employment in the Service.

(c) Success in the examination confers no right to appointment, unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be considered necessary that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public Service.

17. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his or her duties as an officer of the Service. A candidate who (after such physical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be physically examined.

In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government Medical Officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon

before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the physical test to which candidates will be subjected before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission.

18. (a) Appointments shall be made on probation for a period of two years.

(b) If, in the opinion of Government, the work or conduct of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory, or shows that he is unlikely to become efficient, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(c) On the conclusion of his period of probation and on passing the prescribed test at the end of practical training prescribed by the competent authority, Government may confirm the officer in his appointment or if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may either discharge him from the Service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit. The candidate will not ordinarily be permitted to cross the stage of pay of Rs. 400 or be considered for further promotion unless he passes the professional examination prescribed by the Department.

(d) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (b) or (c) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side, on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(e) If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer or authority, that officer or authority may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

19. Probationers will also be required to pass a test in Hindi before confirmation.

APPENDIX I

List of University degrees which will be recognised for admission to the examination [vide Rule 10(C)].

Aberdeen.—B.Sc. Engineering (Honours or Ordinary degrees),.

Cambridge.—Ordinary B.A. degree in engineering provided the graduate has passed in the principal subjects, Engineering I, Engineering II and Engineering III.

Durham.—B.Sc. in Marine Engineering.

Glasgow.—B.Sc. in Naval Architecture (Honours or Ordinary degree).

NOTE.—The above degree will be accepted only if taken after three years' study and the passing of the regular examinations in the several Universities. The conditions as to three year's study will not, however, apply to Indians who, having taken an Indian degree, which exempts them from part of the University course shall have taken one of the above degrees in less than three years in accordance with the regulations of the University concerned.

APPENDIX II

Standard and syllabus of the Examination (vide Rule 15).

Subjects	Maximum Marks
(a) Compulsory—	
1. English (including Essay & precis writing)	100
2. General knowledge	100
3. Applied Mechanics (including Strength of Materials)	200
4. Theory of Machines and Machine design	200
5. Prime Movers	200
6. Personality Test	300
TOTAL.	1,100
(b) Optional—(any two of the following subjects)	
1. Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machines	100
2. Electrical Engineering	100
3. Metallurgy	100
4. Workshop Technology	100
5. Physics (including Electricity & Magnetism)	100
6. Workshops Organisation & Management	100

NOTE 1.—All papers must be answered in English.

NOTE 2.—Candidates must write the papers in their own hand. In no circumstances will they be allowed the help of a scribe to write answers for them.

2. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Commission shall prescribe.

3. The Commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all the subjects at the examination.

4. The Commission will summon at their discretion only those candidates whom they consider suitable for interview for the Personality Test.

5. Special attention will be paid in the Personality Test to assessing the candidates capacity for leadership, initiative and intellectual curiosity, tact and other social qualities, mental and physical energy, powers of practical application and integrity of character.

6. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

7. Deductions up to 5 per cent of the maximum marks for the written subjects will be made for illegible handwriting.

8. Credit will be given for good English—orderly, effective and exact expression and due economy of words—in all subjects of the examination.

APPENDIX III

FEEs

(vide Rule 14)

Candidates seeking admission to the examination must pay the following fees—

(a) To the Commission:

(i) Re. 1 when asking for application form and connected documents.

The amount should be paid to the Commission by Money Order. Local candidates, however, may pay cash at the counter. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(ii) Rs. 81.50 (Rs. 19.62 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) with the completed application form.

This amount should be paid by means of Treasury Receipt or CROSSED Indian Postal Orders payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(b) To the Medical Board:

Rs. 16 before examination by a Medical Board, if selected for appointment.

This amount should be paid in cash to the Medical Board concerned at the time of the Medical examination.

2. Once an application has been considered by the Commission and the decision communicated to the candidate no claim from the candidate for a refund of the fee paid by him to the Commission will be entertained nor can this fee be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. If however, a candidate is not admitted to the examination by the Commission, a refund of Rs. 75 (Rs. 18.75 in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) will be made to him.

3. The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bona fide* displaced person from Pakistan or from the unliberated areas of Jammu and Kashmir and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. The fee of Re. 1 however, must be paid even by a displaced person when asking the Commission for form and this amount will be refundable to him, if on receipt of his application, his claim to be a displaced person is accepted by the Commission and his fee is remitted.

APPENDIX IV

General conditions of service prescribed for candidates recruited to the cadre of Assistant Engineer (Workshops), Class II.

1. Fifty per cent of the vacancies in the Service will be filled by candidates recruited through Competitive Examination.

2. Candidates to be recruited through Competitive Examination will be appointed as probationers for a period of two years during which they will undergo practical training in accordance with the programme of training that may be prescribed from time to time. Those who are favourably reported upon at the end of two years and have passed any departmental examination or examinations, that may be prescribed, will be appointed to the working posts in the Service.

3. Officers recruited under these rules shall be eligible for leave, increment and pension in accordance with the rules for the time being in force applicable to officers of the Central Government. They will also be eligible to join the General Provident Fund in accordance with the rules regulating that Fund.

4. These officers will be liable for transfer anywhere in India.

5. The *inter se* seniority of officers appointed through Competitive examination will ordinarily be determined by their order of merit, in the competitive examination. Government of India, however, reserve the right of fixing the seniority at their discretion in individual cases.

6. The following are the rates of pay admissible to officers appointed in India to the cadre of Assistant Engineer (Workshops) Class II:—

Rs. 275—25—500—E.B.—30—650—E.B.—30—800.

7. Officers of the Service are eligible for promotion to posts in the General Central Service Class I (Workshops) under the rules.

8. These conditions of service are subject to revision according to the requirements of service. Candidates will not be entitled to any compensation if they are adversely affected by any changes in the conditions of service which may be introduced later on.

[No. 2-1/60 WK.]

K. K. SARAN, Secy.,
P. & T. Board.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 24th February 1960

G.S.R. 284.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 83 of the Mines Act, 1952 (35 of 1952), the Central Government hereby exempts those persons who have attained the age of twenty-six years and who produce satisfactory documentary evidence of having worked in the capacity of an Overman, superior to a Sirdar, in coal mines for a period of not less than five years, from sitting for a written examination, envisaged in regulations 13 and 14 of the Coal Mines Regulations, 1957, for obtaining an Overman's Certificate, granted by the Board of Mining Examinations, provided they pass such *viva-voce* examination as the Board may stipulate.

2. The exemption will be operative only up to the 23rd October, 1960.

3. Fees on the scale laid down in Regulation 20 of the said regulations shall be paid in respect of every examination for the grant of a certificate under this exemption.

[No. 1(4)60-M.I.]

A. P. VEERA RAGHAVAN, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 25th February 1960

G.S.R. 285.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1957, which the Central Government proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 38 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), is published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th April 1960.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the said Rules,—

- (1) rule 9 shall be renumbered as sub-rule (1) thereof, and after sub-rule (1) as so renumbered, the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“(2) Where the Conciliation Officer receives no notice of a strike or lockout under rule 71 or rule 72 but he considers it necessary to intervene in the dispute, he may give formal intimation in writing to the parties concerned declaring his intention to commence conciliation proceedings with effect from such date as may be specified therein.”;

- (2) in sub-rule (2) of rule 10A after the words “non-public utility service”, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

‘or in a dispute in a public utility service where no notice of strike is given under rule 71.’.

[No. LR-I-1(123)/59.]

A. L. HANDA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE
(Department of Food)

New Delhi, the 29th February 1960

G.S.R. 286.—In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following amendments in the Schedule to the Directorate of Sugar and Vanaspathi (Recruitment to Class I and Class II posts) Rules, 1958, published with the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food) G.S.R. No. 1075, dated the 3rd November, 1958, at pages 1055 to 1064 of Part II, Section 3(i) of the Gazette of India, dated the 8th November, 1958, namely:—

“In the Schedule to the said notification, after item 11 and the entries relating thereto, the following item 11A and the entries relating thereto shall be inserted, namely:—

APPENDIX

Name of post	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Educational & other qualifications required
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
11A Chemists	Three	G.C.S., Class II non-gazetted	Rs. 250—25—500	Selection	Between 21 and 30 years Relaxable for Government servants	1. Degree in Chemistry with specialisation in fats and oil/or Diploma in Oil Technology from a recognised Institute. 2. About 2 years' practical experience in the analysis of fats and oils. 3. Knowledge of vegetable oils and vanaspati.

APPENDIX

Whether age and other educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in case of promotees	Period of probation, if any	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or transfer and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of recruitment by promotion or transfer, grades from which promotions are to be made	If D.P.C. exists what is its composition	Circumstances in which UPSC is to be consulted in making recruitment
8	9	10	11	12	13
Only Educational Qualifications will apply.	One year for promotees and two years for direct recruits.	By direct recruitment 75 per cent. By promotion 25 per cent.	Assistant Chemists subject to the condition that they should have put in at least 5 years' service as Assistant Chemist.	Class II D.P.C.	As required under the rules.

(No. F.1-89/57-S.Admn.)

PARTAP SINGH, Under Secy.

ERRATA

In the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food) Order No. 201(PB) (2)/400/60-PY.II, dated 16th February, 1960 published in the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3(i), dated 20th February, 1960 as G.S.R. 195, the following corrections are to be made:—

Page 318—

Sub-para (2) (d), 5th line—

for "be Rs. 0.50 per"

read "be Re. 0.50 per"

Sub-para (2) (d), 6th line—

Insert a comma (,) after the word "quality"

3rd line of the Explanation para.

Insert a comma (,) after the word "smell".

In the Schedule, item 1, 4th line—

Insert a comma (,) after the word "Mushkin".

Page 319—

In Appendix I, item 7, last word—

for "valu"

read "value."

Page 320—

for the existing items 4 and 5 of Appendix II at the top of the page—

read "4 Red grains..... 4 Over 4 per cent to 6 per cent at $\frac{1}{2}$ value.

Over 6 per cent at $\frac{1}{2}$ value.

5 Paddy, half-hulled and other
foreign matter including
rice powder, Nakoo and

dirt..... 0.5 Over 0.5 per cent at full
value."

Below Appendix III(a), heading—

for "Chahors Rice"

read "Chahora Rice"